# Lake Havasu City Water Supply

A Small Fish in the Big Ocean of Water Policy - At the Front Line of Colorado River Shortages

#### **SKETCH PAD**



\_ ...and lastly, how about a savory appetizer of bacon-wrapped Lake Havasu quagga mussels smothered in cheese??

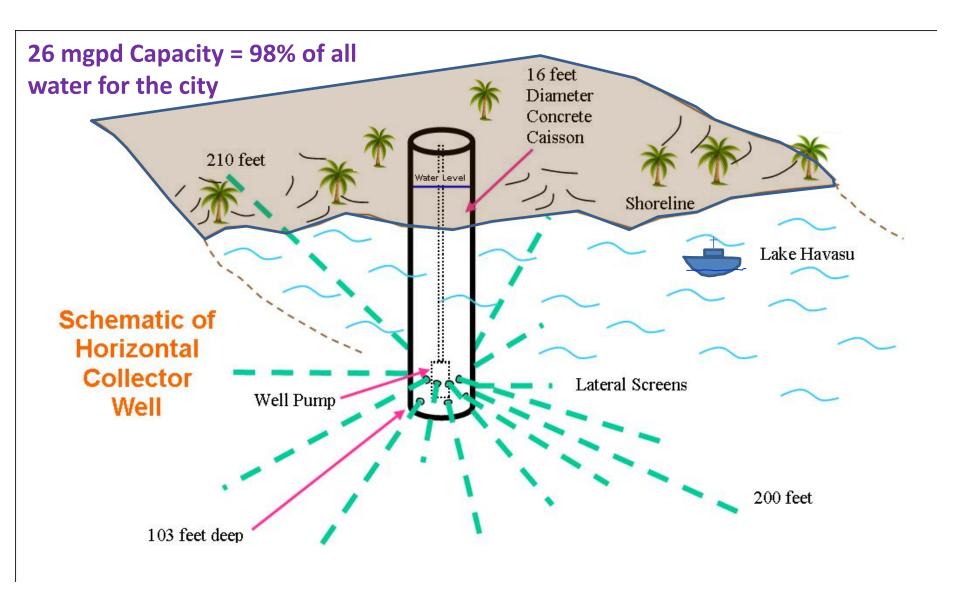
### **Presentation Outline**

Lake Havasu City Water Diversion, Water & Wastewater Treatment, and Reuse

**Current Colorado River Basin Conditions** 

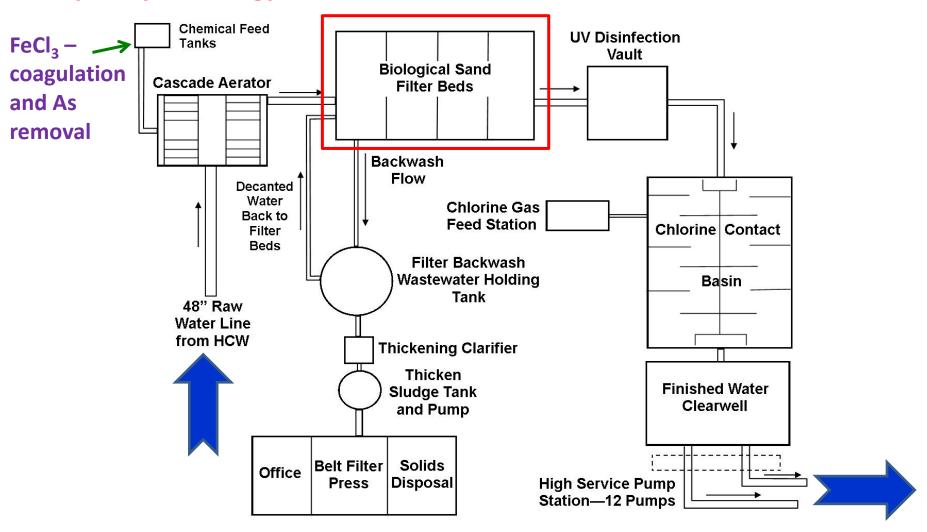
**How Shortages will Affect LHC?** 

## **Horizontal Collector Well**



## **Water Treatment Plant**

#### Capacity – 26 mgpd



#### **Biological Filtration fo Manganese Removal**

- Four filter bed basins that are 46' long x 31' wide x 18' deep carry seven feet deep of sand containing filamentous bacteria, such as those in genera of Leptothrix, Gallionelle, Crenothrix, Hyphomicrobium, Siderocapsacaes, Siderocystis, Metallagenium and Pseudomonas manganoxid.
- -The bacteria metabolize manganese and iron to separate those elements from the water in the form of iron hydroxide and manganese dioxide, both that remain in the filter media until the filter is backwashed.
- The microbes need no special nutrients added to the water to help them grow, but need to have the water with a pH higher than 7.4 in order to best remove the manganese.

- Colorado River water is above this mark and it is oxygenated, which keeps compounds such as hydrogen sulfide and ammonia out of the water that could kill bacteria.

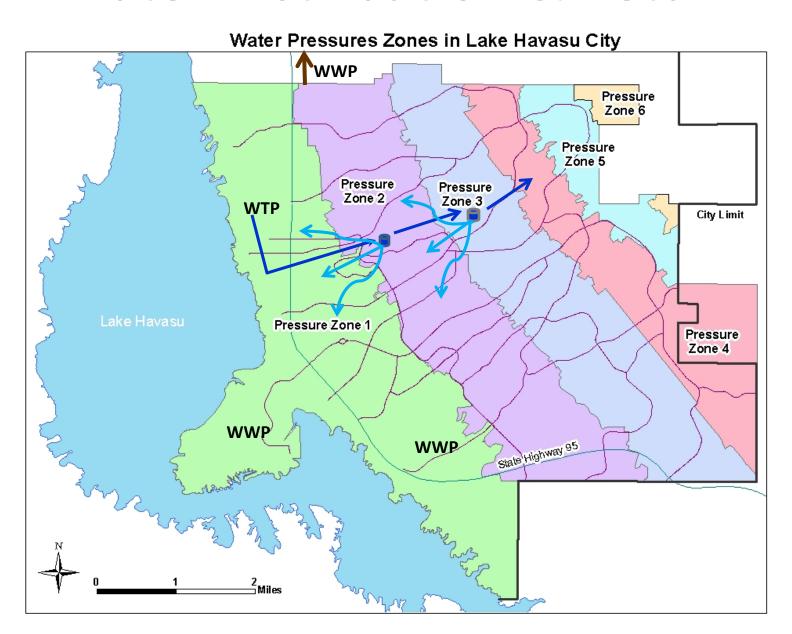




Solids Assay mg/kg dry

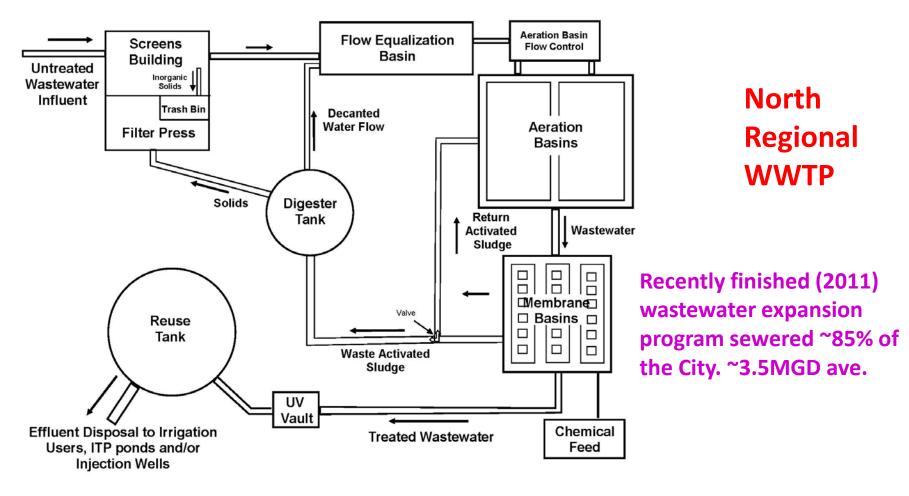
As =	5,900
Ba =	860
Cr =	200
Co =	66
Cu =	89
Fe = 3	70,000
Mg =	3,600
Mn =	54,000
Ni =	70
Na =	1,000
Sr =	950
<b>V</b> =	1,000

## **Water Distribution & Return**



### **Wastewater Treatment**

Three total Plants – 2 are Standard Activated Sludge Aeration Plants and one that includes an ultra (0.04 $\mu$ m) Membrane Bioreactor After Aeration.

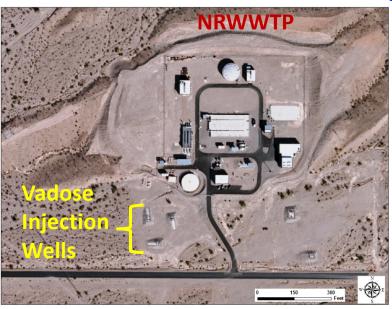


## **Reclaimed Water Reuse**

Close to ½ of Total Effluent Generated Goes to Irrigating 4 Golf Courses and a handful of smaller irrigators (~2,000 ac-ft/year).

The Rest is Either Currently Percolated and is Considered Return Flow to the River or is Injected into the Subsurface for Storage.





The City is Planning to Expand its Reclaimed Water Reuse for Irrigation to Replace at Least Another 1000 ac-ft of Colorado River Used Today.

# **Current Lower Colorado River Basin Conditions**

#### **Current Lakes Mead and Powell Volumes**

as of 3-10-2015

#### **Lake Mead Level and % Capacity**

**Elevation:** 

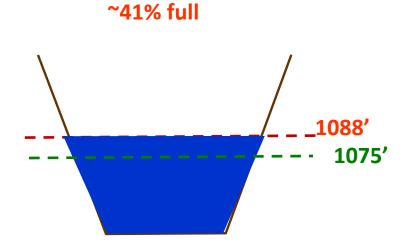
Capacity Current 1219.6' ~1088′

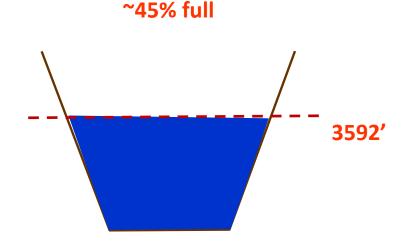
Volume: 26.12 Mac-ft 10.83 Mac-ft

#### **Lake Powell Level and % Capacity**

Capacity Current **Elevation:** 3700° 3592'

Capacity: 24.322 Mac-ft 11.01 Mac-ft





#### CR Interim Guidelines for Shortages and Coordinated Operations for Lakes Mead and Powell

**Equalization of reservoir storage in Lake Mead and Lake Powell.** 

In effect to 2026 – negotiations to extend this strategy or develop a new plan will begin much sooner.

Shortage declaration tiers if the August forecast of Lake Mead elevation reaches a trigger elevation in January.

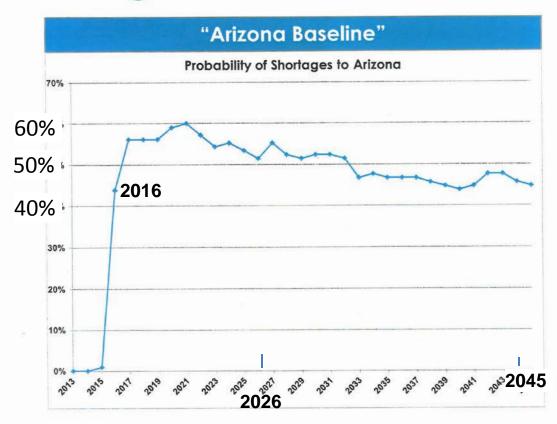
Shortage Stage	Lake Mead Trigger Elevation (feet amsl)	Volume of Total U.S. Shortage (ac-ft)	Arizona's Entitlement with Shortage (Mac-ft)	Nevada's Entitlement with Shortage (ac-ft)	Water Delivery Reduction to Mexico (ac-ft)*
Tier I	1075'	333,000	2.48	287,000	50,000
Tier II	1050'	417,000	2.40	283,000	75,000
Tier III	1025'	500,000	2.32	280,000	125,000

<sup>\*</sup> Minute 319 with Mexico will expire at the end of 2017, if not extended to 2026.

If lake level falls below 1025 ft, then renegotiation with the Seven Basin states.

# Central Arizona Project CR Shortage Declaration Probabilities

Shortages to Arizona



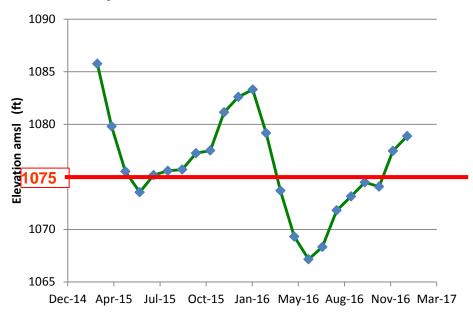
#### **Bureau of Reclamation March 2015 24-Month Study**

#### **Bureau of Reclamation Operation Plan For**

**Lake Mead - Most Probable Flows** 

Date End of Month	Lake Mead Elevations (feet amsl)
March 2015	1085.76
<b>April 2015</b>	1079.80
May 2015	1075.51
June 2015	1073.54
July 2015	1075.16
August 2015	1075.58
September 2015	1075.69
October 2015	1077.25
November 2015	1077.50
December 2015	1081.14
January 2016	1082.61
February 2016	1083.30
March 2016	1079.17
April 2016	1073.69
May 2016	1069.31
June 2016	1067.16
July 2015	1068.32
August 2016	1071.81
September 2016	1073.13
October 2016	1074.48
November 2016	1074.06
December 2016	1077.46
January 2017	1078.88

#### **Projected Lake Mead Elevations**



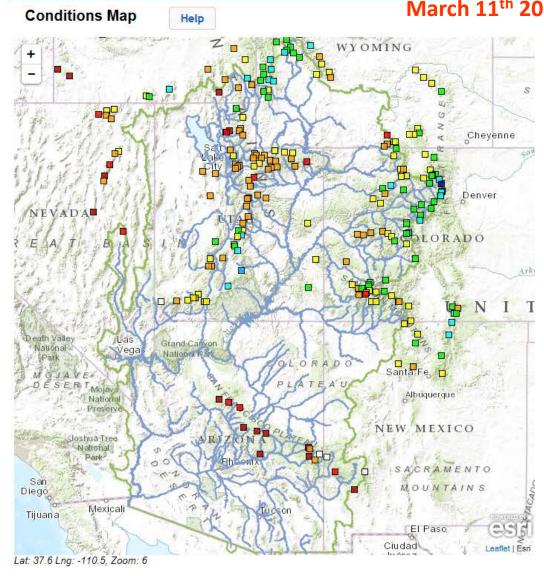
http://www.cbrfc.noaa.gov/Imap/Imap.php?interface=snow

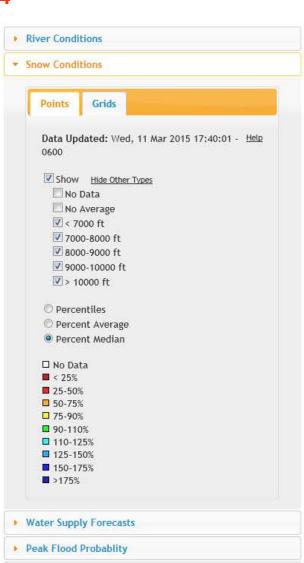
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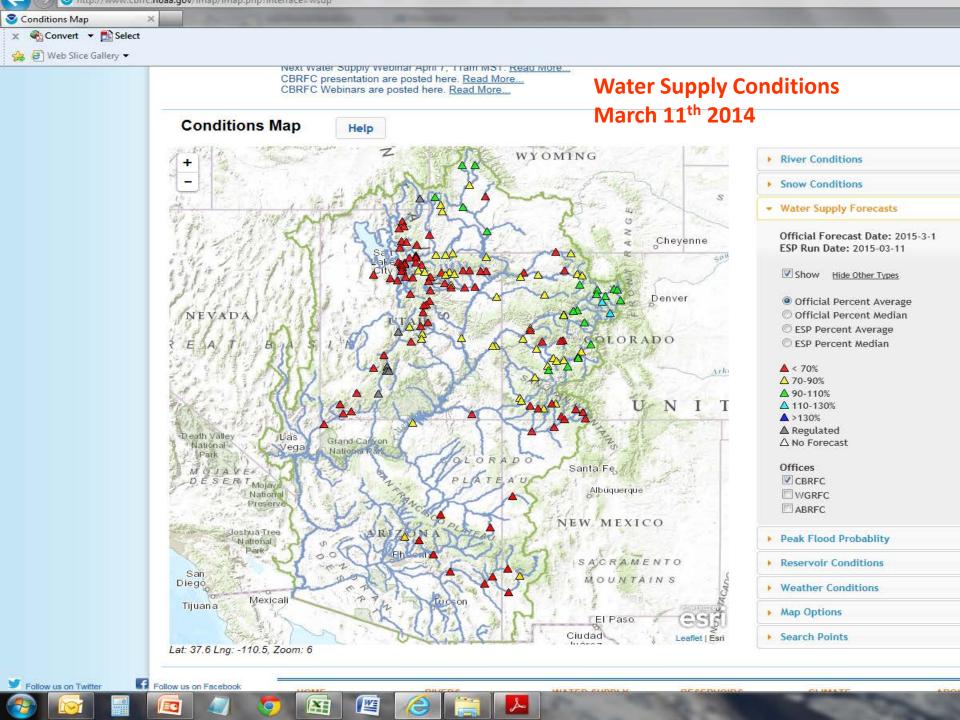
CBRFC presentation are posted here. Read More...
CBRFC Webinars are posted here. Read More...

# Snow Conditions March 11<sup>th</sup> 2014

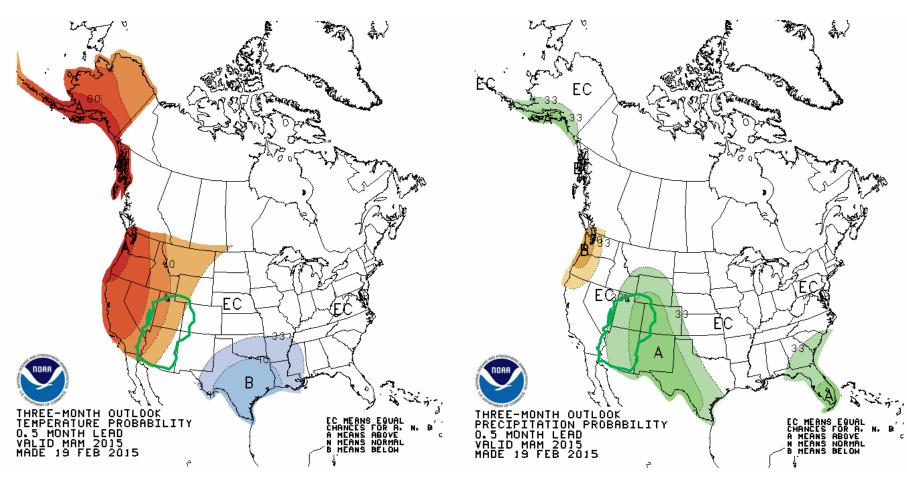




Reservoir Conditions



# March through May 2015



**Temperature Chances** 

**Precipitation Chances** 

## What Declared Shortages mean to One Little Fish on the River

### Lake Havasu City Colorado River Water Supply and Demand

Entitlement = 28,331 ac-ft – all 4<sup>th</sup> Priority

Firmed water banked through the Arizona Water Banking Authority =

~126,000 ac-ft – good for withdrawal until 2096

Approximate Consumption Demand in 2014 = 12,332 ac-ft. LHC was at ~18,000 ac-ft/year in 2006.

Intrastate Shortage Sharing Agreement that Reductions will come from the Contract Entitlement

# How Will Reductions to 4<sup>th</sup> Priority Entitlements be Determined?

**ADWR** outlined to Reclamation, a five step Recommendation:

- 1) 2.8 Mac-ft AZ P1-3 demand = P4 Availability for AZ
- 2) P4 Availability AZ Shortage Reduction = P4 Available after Shortage Reduction
- 3) 164,652 ac-ft / P4 Availability = P4 Mainstream Shortage %
- 4) P4 Available after Shortage Reduction x P4 Mainstream Shortage % = P4 Mainstream Shortage Reduced Supply
- 5) Remainder of P4 Available after Shortage Reduction goes to CAP.

Exact water allocated to P4 contracts depends on the P1-3 demand at the time and <u>discretion of the Interior Secretary</u>.

## Estimated Range of Reductions to LHC Entitlement

Arizona Reduction	Lake Havasu City Reduction <sup>1</sup>	Resulting Entitlement
320 KAF	~5300 - 6200 AF	~23,031 - 22,131 AF
	18.7% - 21.8%	
400 KAF	~6700 - 7700 AF	~21,631 - 20,631 AF
	23.6% - 24.7%	
480 KAF	~8000 - 9200 AF	~20,331 ( 19,131 AF)
	28.2% - 32.3%	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Based on calculations given in the last slide and given 1.3 to 1.1 Mac-ft P1-3 demand.

# These Calculations are Dependent on Several Factors – There are Wild Cards to Consider

Mexico's shortage share could disappear very soon (2017). – w/o Mexico's contribution, the tier 3 shortage could lower to 16,710 ac-ft.

"...the Secretary will have considerable discretion to distribute Colorado River water during shortage." - from BOR Reclamation's interim management period is only guaranteed for another 12 years.

Same is true for the intrastate shortage agreement between Mohave County Water Authority and central Arizona.

PLUS: How quickly will the succession of shortages take place?

The weather is at best a question mark and Lake Mead has been known to drop by more than 20 feet in one year. (i.e. 2001, 2002)

## **Some Famous Water Quotes**

"When the well is dry, we learn the worth of water." --Benjamin Franklin

I never drink water because of the disgusting things that fish do in it. -- W. C. Fields

Water, taken in moderation, cannot hurt anybody. --Mark Twain

You don't drown by falling in the water; you drown by staying there. --Edwin Louis Cole

Whiskey is for drinking, water is for fighting over.
-- Anonymous

You can't trust water: Even a straight stick turns crooked in it. --W. C. Fields

Microcystis

