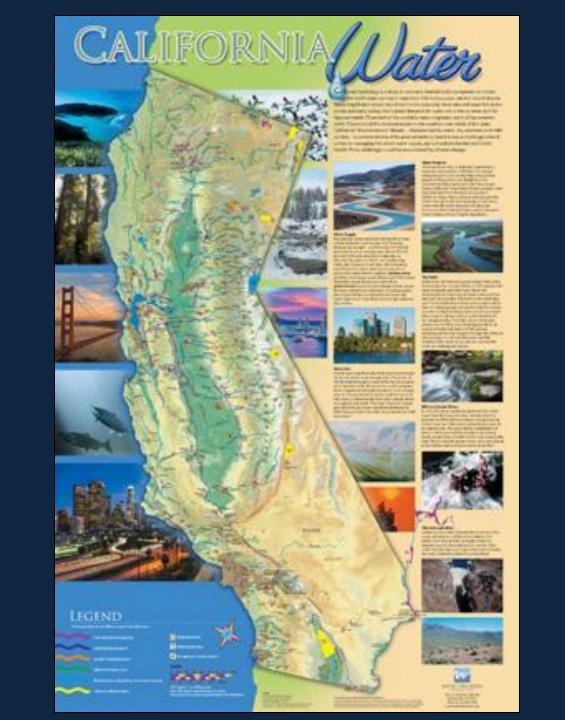


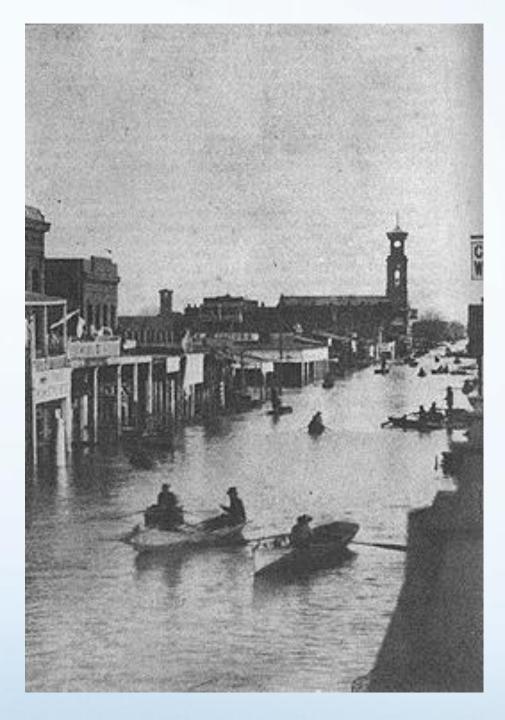


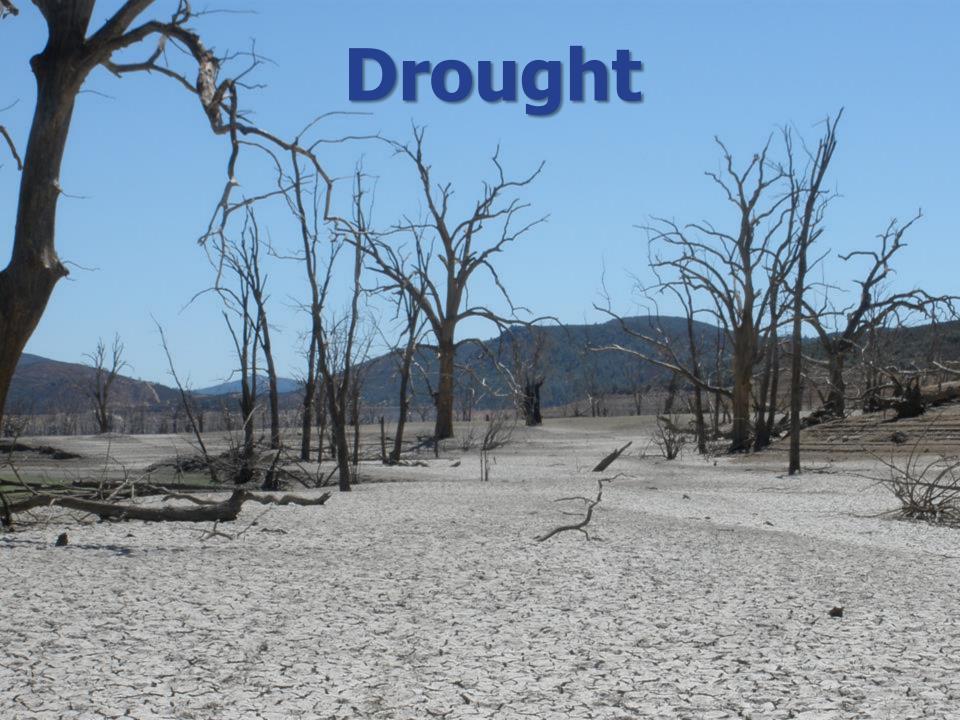
# The Sacramento Valley

A unique mosaic of farm lands, wildlife refuges, managed wetlands and high quality rivers and streams that support waterfowl habitat and spawning grounds for numerous fish species and the cities and rural communities that make up this special region.



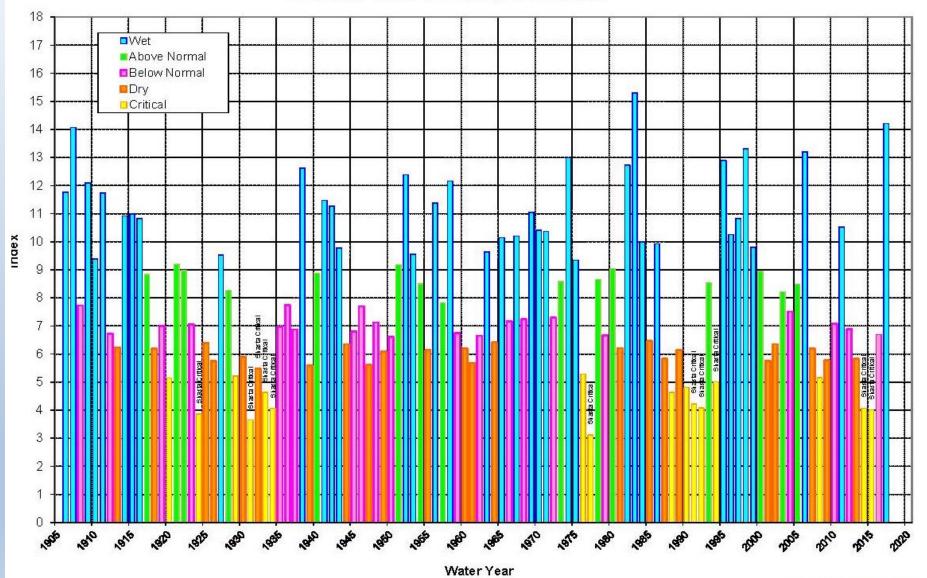
# **Flooding**





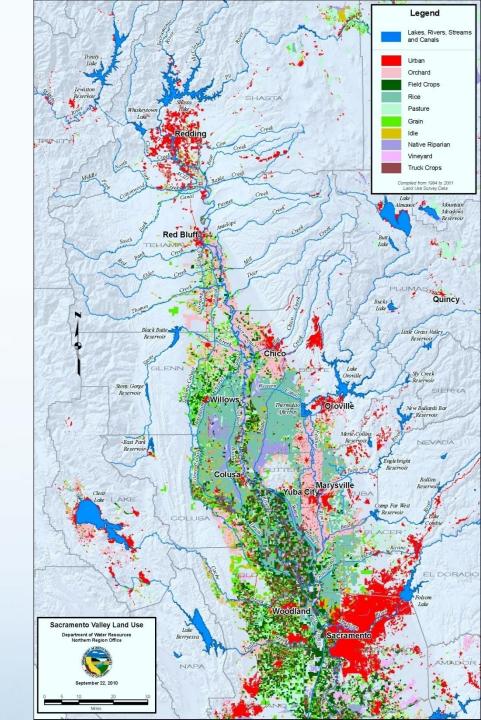
#### Sacramento Valley Water Year Type Index (40-30-30) 1906 - 2017

Based on Observed Unimpaired Runoff

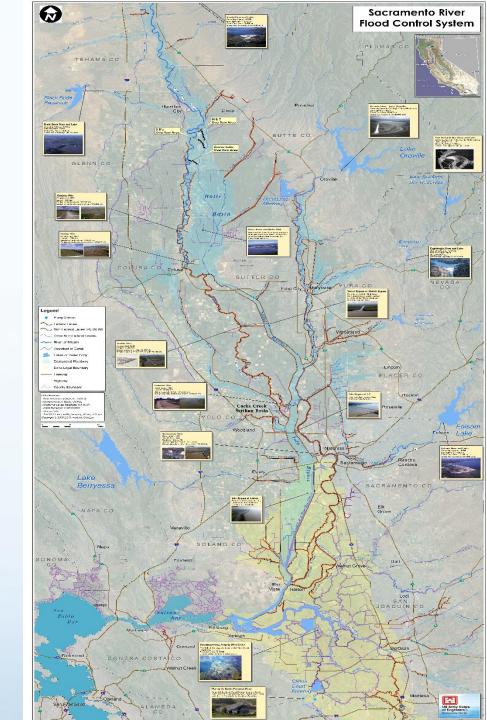


# Sacramento Valley Land Uses

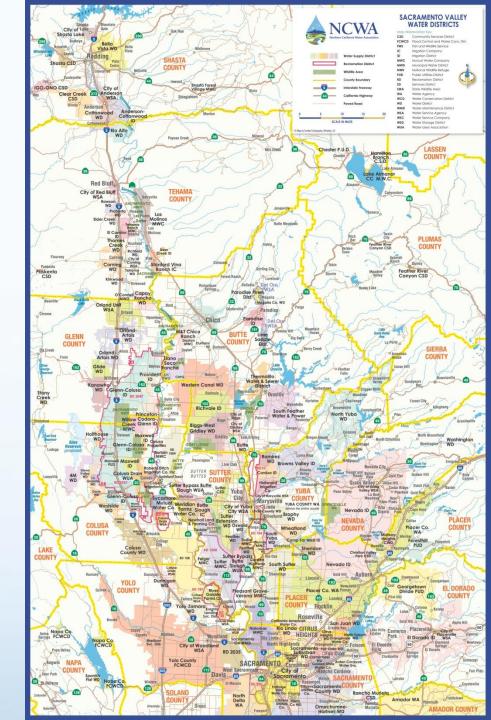
- Urban
- Agriculture
- Wetlands



# Sacramento River Flood System



# Water Resources Management Entities

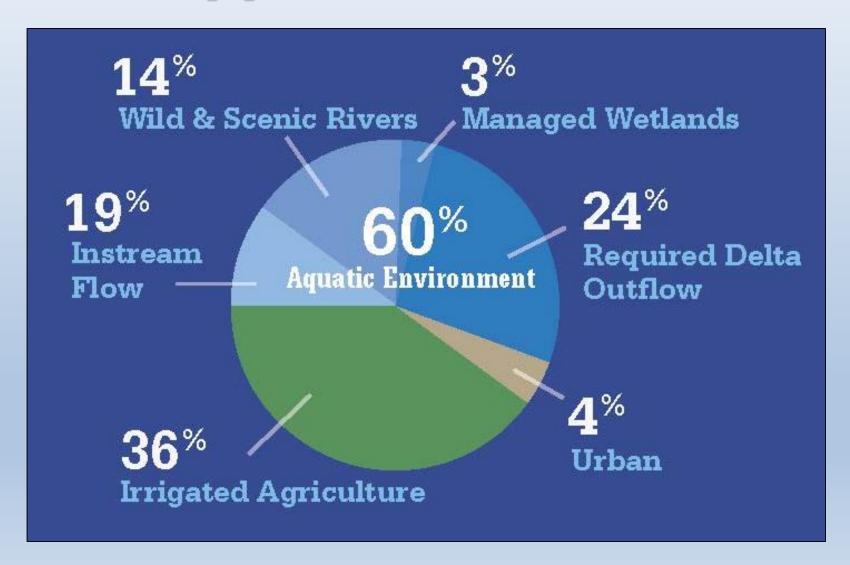


# Cornerstone for Central Valley/ State Water Projects

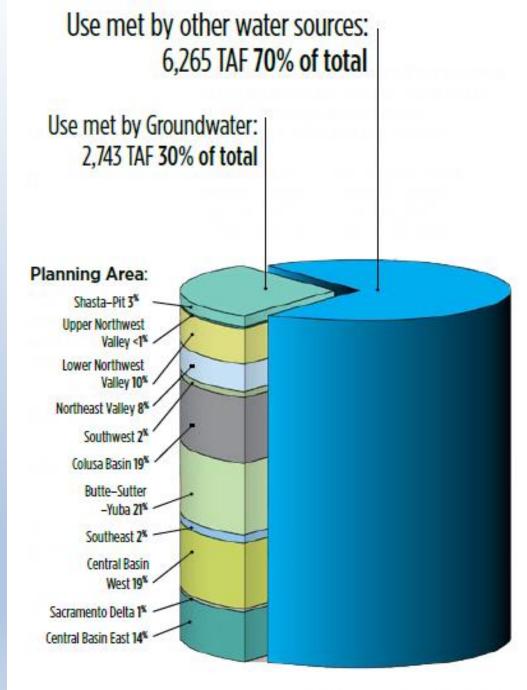


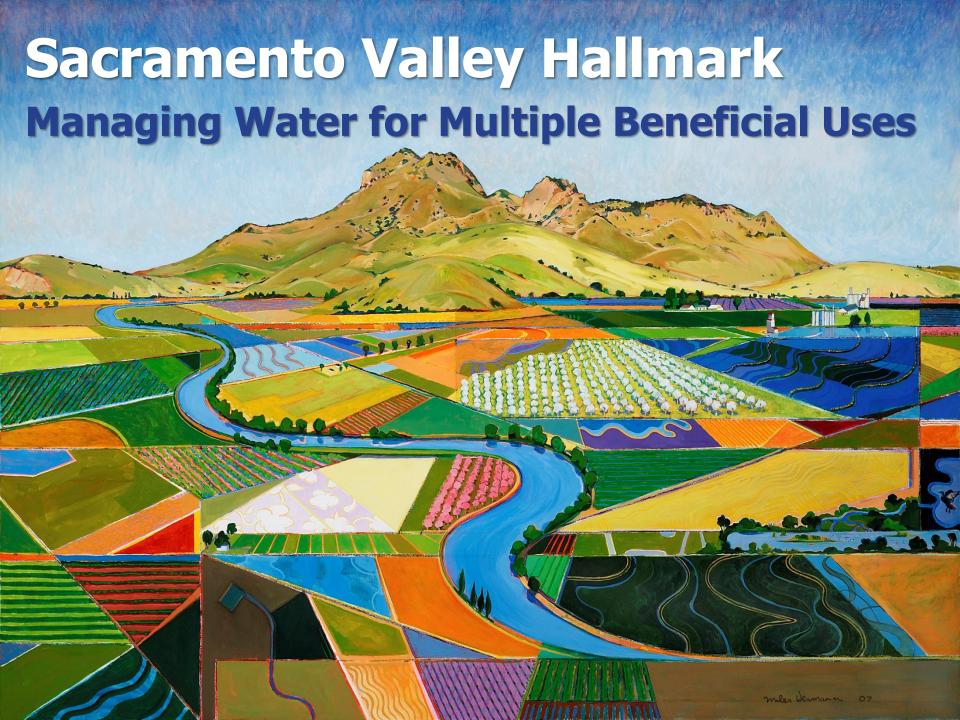


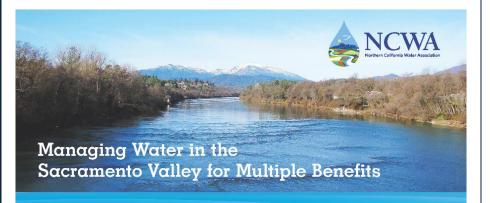
# Sacramento Valley Applied Water Use



# Sacramento Valley Water Supplies







Water resources managers in the Sacramento Valley are actively implementing various multi-benefit programs and projects for the 21st century that "restores natural aquatic or riparian functions or wetlands habitat for birds and aquatic species, protects or promotes the restoration of endangered or threatened species, enhances the reliability of water supplies on a regional and inter-regional basis, and provides significant regional or statewide economic benefits."

— Proposition 68

The Sacramento Valley is a unique place. Bounded on the east by the Sierra Nevada and the west by the Coast Range, the Valley sweeps 150 miles from Redding to Sacramento. A mosaic of beautiful, picturesque farmland, world-class wildlife reserves and thriving communities—interwoven with dynamic rivers and streams. Nowhere are natural and human resources more closely integrated and cared for than the Sacramento Valley.

The Sacramento Valley is a funnel that focuses water from the Sierra Nevada, Cascade and Coastal Range into a highly managed system that protects people from floods and makes water supplies available at the right time, with the same water serving multiple beneficial purposes for the natural and working landscape as it flows through the Valley.





Families have built farms and communities based on the Sacramento Valley's unique blessing of water, soil and sun. Today, **nearly two million acres of pastoral family farms**—world renowned ricelands, nuts, fruit, tomatoes, fresh produce and irrigated pasture—propel the Valley's economic engine. The Valley's farmland is unique in the way it provides habitat and food for salmon and birds along the Pacific Flyway.



The home for California's capital and more than 3 million people. Half of these people live in the Sacramento metropolitan area, with the other half sprinkled in rural communities throughout the Valley. The Sacramento Valley has a deep connection between the urban and rural areas that is reflected in Sacramento's designation as America's Farm to Fork Capital.



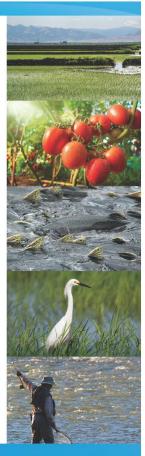
Four runs of salmon migrate and spawn in different parts of the Sacramento Valley, with the winter-run and spring run considered endangered. Every part of the water system has been re-managed and will continue to be modernized over time to improve conditions for salmon through active collaboration as part of the Sacramento Valley Salmon Recovery Program.



The Pacific Flyway is a resource of international significance. The Sacramento Valley has **seven National Wildlife Refuges, more than 50 state Wildlife areas and ricelands that serve as habitat for nearly 250 species.** Water diversions for ricelands and refuges provide much-needed food and habitat for waterfowl, shorebirds and other species. The Flyway is heaven on earth for wildlife enthusiasts, naturalists and birdwatchers.



The forests and meadows in the numerous watersheds of the Sierra Nevada, Cascade and Coast Range that provide recreation and serve as the vital headwaters for the region.



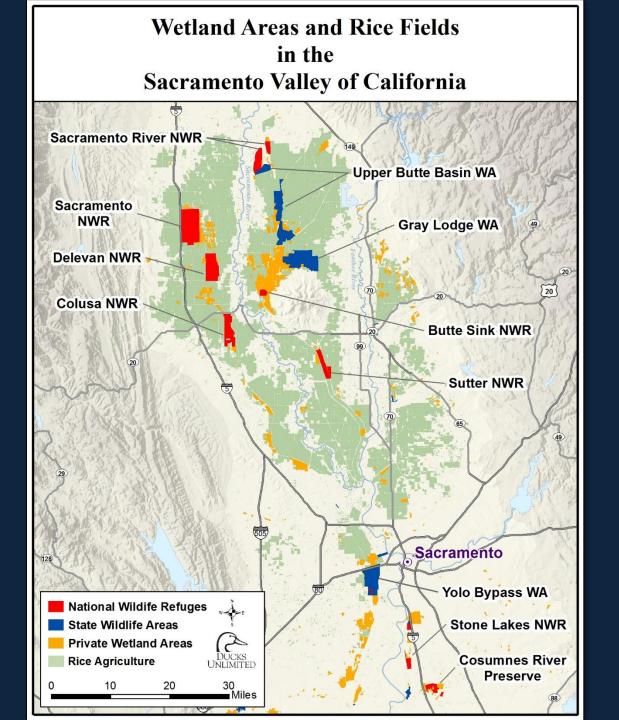
Like a human fingerprint, California's Sacramento Valley is truly unique. On the leading edge of ecological and economical sustainability, it's also an exceptional place to live, work and raise a family. The Sacramento Valley joins together a world-renowned mosaic of natural abundance: productive farmlands, wildlife refuges and managed wetlands, cities and rural communities, and meandering rivers that support and feed fisheries and natural habitats. Through efficient management of the region's water resources, the Sacramento Valley will continue to provide what's essential to California's future success and prosperity. Nourishment and sustenance from the fields, habitats for fish and wildlife, recreation and a special quality of life —





# Sacramento Valley

six National Wildlife Refuges, more than fifty state Wildlife Areas and other privately managed wetlands that support the annual migration of waterfowl, geese and shore birds in the Pacific Flyway. These seasonal and permanent wetlands provide 65% of the North American Waterfowl Management Plan objectives;





# **Pacific Flyway Partners**































# Sacramento Valley

The small towns and rural communities that form the backbone of the region, as well as the State Capital that serves as the center of government for the State of California.



### **Sacramento River Conservation Area**

### **Established 1986 (SB1086)**

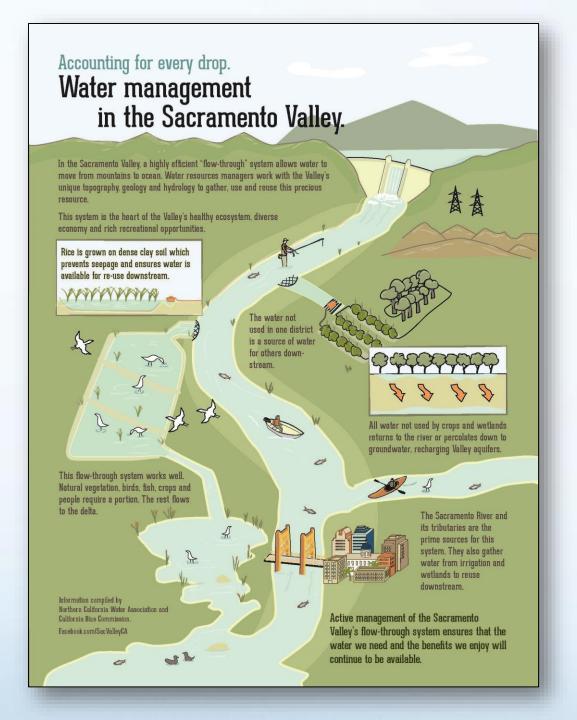
A management plan to protect, restore and enhance the fisheries and riparian habitat along the Sacramento **River from Keswick** Dam down river to Verona. This effort is cooperative in nature and works to ensure that habitat restoration



and management addresses not only the dynamics of riparian ecosystems, but also the realities of local agricultural and recreational issues associated with land use changes occurring along the river.

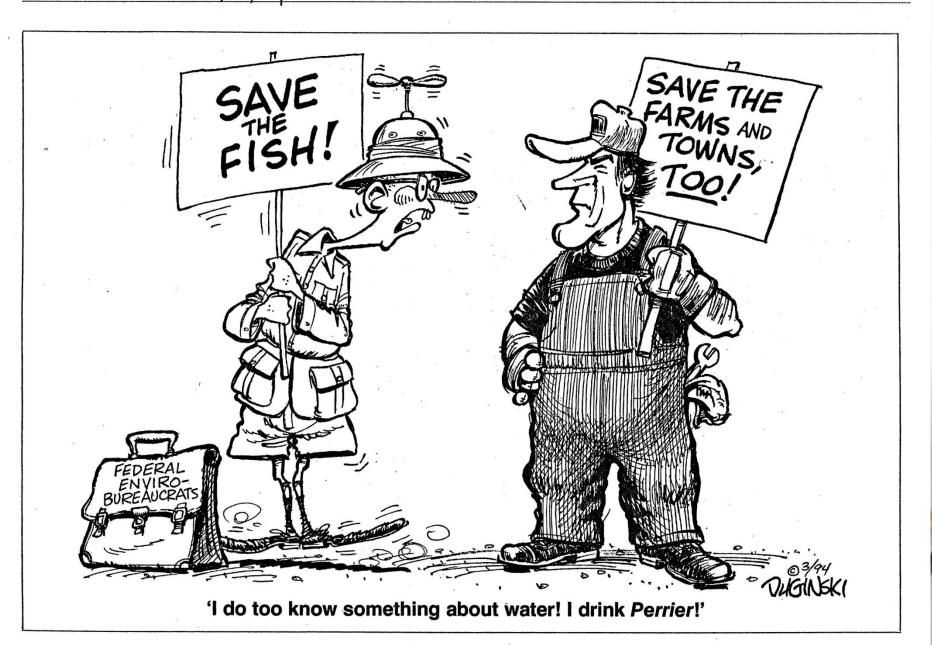


# Water Management Opportunities



3/26/94

## OTHER OPINIONS



# Since 2000....

There has been a concerted effort to implement the following types of programs and projects to improve <u>salmon</u> recovery in the Sacramento River Basin:

- flow arrangements;
- habitat enhancements;
- fish passage improvements;
- fish-food production projects; and
- studies to advance the science that informs management decisions.

### **BUTTE CREEK SALMON RECOVERY**

A Lesson in Functional Flows

The Butte Creek Fish Passage Improvement projects are located along the middle reach of Butte Creek, a tributary of the Sacramento River in California's Central Valley. The various projects together comprise one of the nation's most significant fisheries restoration efforts. with 90 miles of Butte Creek restored for the benefit of spring-run salmon. These projects also divert water for the benefit of farms, birds and other species along the Pacific Flyway.



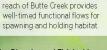
#### **BUTTE CREEK FISH PASSAGE IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS:**

Rancho Esquon Diversion and Fish Ladder

Gorrill Ranch Diversion and Fish Ladder

Western Canal Gary N. Brown **Butte Creek Slphon** 

Remove four dams from Butte Creek, restoring about 25 miles of unimpeded flow



Water management in the upper

Parrot-Phelan Diversion and Fish Ladder **Durham Mutual Water Company** 

Diversion and Fish Ladder

#### **Partnerships**

East-West

**Diversion Weir** 

and environmental communities—with and participants included:

- Local water suppliers and farmers (see map), owner and funding partner;
- funding partner;
- · U.S. Department of Interior (USFWS and USBR), funding partner;
- · California Department of Fish and Game



Butte Creek is one of only four Sacramento River tributaries with remaining populations of the endangered spring-run Chinook salmon. Resource agencies and conservation groups value Butte Creek as a keystone in preserving and recovering spring-run salmon, which in some years had dwindled to less than a 100 returning adults from 1970 to the early 1990s. Today, as a result of the Butte Creek Fish Passage Improvement projects, in tandem with a valuable food supply and safe rearing habitat in the Sutter Bypass wetlands, more than 10,000 spring-run salmon return on average to Butte Creek. These projects all provide multiple beneficial uses, serving water for fish, farms, birds and various other species.

Pictured above: Central Valley Spring-Run Chinook Salmon Illustration by Paul Waters, courtesy of Cal Trout



Secretary of Interior Bruce Babbitt tearing down

Cooperation among the agricultural, urban funding partnerships-were essential to the success of the projects. The key stakeholders

- · California Urban Water Agencies,



BUTTE CREEK SPRING-RUN CHINOOK SALMON POPULATION ESTIMATES



**Sutter Bypass** 

The passage improvements,

production and safe rearing

habitat for juvenile fish in the

lower reach of the creek flowing

through the wetlands created

by the Sutter Bypass, have provided functional flows and

an excellent environment for

spring-run salmon and other

combined with fish food











## **Central Valley Salmon Habitat Partnership**





#### **Delta Smelt Food Web Flow Action** Summer 2018 Increased Keswick Flows **Project Coordination** Delivery of Sac River Flow Additional pumping Colusa Basin Drain Reoperation of KLOG Wallace Weir Coordination Knights Landing Ridge Cut Knaggs Ranch Additional Conaway > pumping Yolo **Bypass Hungry Smelt** Base map courte sy of NO AAF is heries

### Modern Flows for the Sacramento Valley

Sacramento Valley water suppliers are committed to the development of a comprehensive plan for the management of water resources that satisfies the co-equal goals of water supply reliability and ecosystem benefits. A priority for that plan is improving habitat for fish and birds, which is best achieved by providing functional and targeted flows that are directly tailored for specific purposes and benefits. This includes existing instream flow arrangements for salmon, as well as spreading water out and slowing it down over the Sacramento Valley landscape for both economic purposes and for returning fish and birds to habitats that more closely match their natural history. This will ultimately benefit the Sacramento Valley and the Delta.

Leaders in the region are making a concerted effort to re-establish the natural connection between water and the landscape. The following are examples of how functional flows that are purposely designed to benefit fish and birds have worked:



#### **Birds**

Water is spread throughout the region for ricelands and other farms, managed wetlands and wildlife refuges. These areas not only serve as the economic engine for the region, but also as a resting and food source for birds, garter snakes and other water-dependent species along the Pacific Flyway. These managed lands help compensate for the 95 percent of Central Valley wetlands lost over the years.

#### Salmon

Over the past decade flows have been re-managed on nearly every watercourse in the Sacramento Valley, designed and tailored for the benefit of salmon. This includes pulse flows, which are being further explored to benefit migrating salmon. Additionally, knowing that food is the primary limiting factor, water managers are advancing a pilot program for producing fish food on familiand by gently inundating lands within the traditional flood plain then returning the food-rich waters to the rivers at a time when it most benefits migrating juvenile salmon.

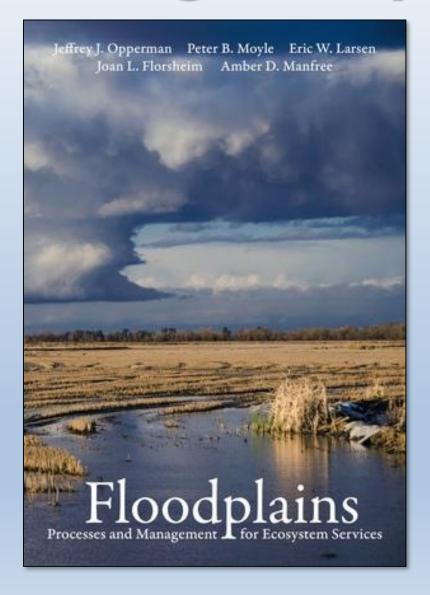


#### **Delta Smelt**

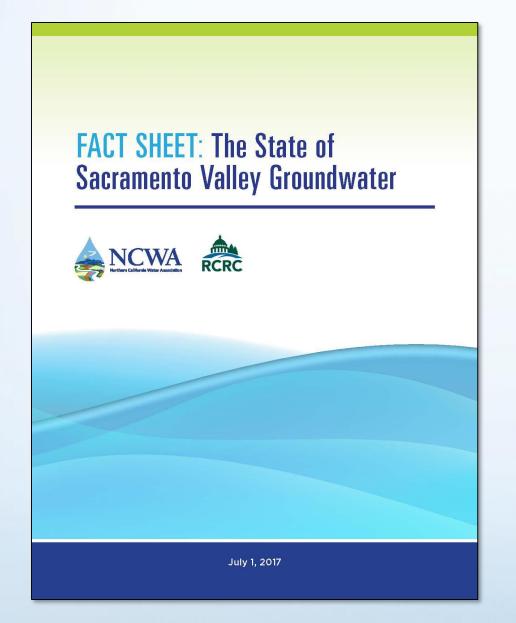
Water suppliers worked with state and federal agencies in 2016 to re-route flows through the Colusa Drain and Ydo Bypass to provide the optimal conditions to create plankton, the critical food source for growing Delta smelt. Initial monitoring inclicated that the strategy was effective in boosting downstream food resources for smelt, which could improve ecosystem conditions so more young Delta smelt survive and reproduce.

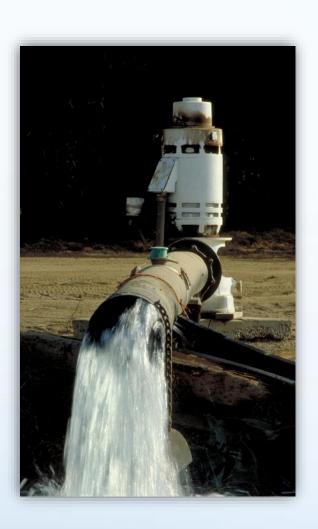


# **Reactivating Floodplains**



# **Active Groundwater Management**







#### **Public Benefits of Sites Reservoir**

#### The Sites Reservoir

Adds about 500,000 acre-feet of water annually to California's water system for...









Water Quality



Drinking Water Irrigation

Recreational Activities

Increases Northern California water storage by

Can be filled from just one or two major storm events... even during dry years



MILLION Acre-Feet of Water Allows an additional 1.12 MILLION acre-feet of water to be stored in other Sacramento Valley reservoirs (i.e., Shasta, Trinity, Folsom, Oroville) during drought years.

#### Restores Operational Flexibility to California's Primary Water System

- · Captures and stores runoff supplies for use in dry and critical years
- · Allows other reservoirs to hold more water later into the summer months
- · Increases flood management opportunities
- · Supports groundwater recharge

#### Mitigates the Effects of Climate Change

- · Guards against salinity intrusion in the Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta (Delta) due to sea level rise
- · Ideally located to maximize the capture and storage of rain
- · Contributes to the state's renewable energy goals
- · Mitigates the negative economic and environmental impacts of historic drought conditions

#### Provides up to 50% of water to environmental flows, creating a net benefit in:



Water quality improvements



Reduced salinity levels in the Delta

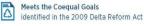


Improved Pacific Flyway habitat for migratory birds and other native species

SITESPROJECT.ORG



More reliable cold water for the benefit of salmon in the Sacramento Valley river systems



Balances human and environmental needs





#### The Sites Project (cont.)

#### The Sites Reservoir

holds more than 162 billion gallons of water...



#### Enough to serve

3.7 million

Californians





Families, businesses and farms for ONE YEAR



#### Creates and protects jobs

Thousands of regional and statewide jobs in urban and agricultural centers Is a cost effective solution to long-term water needs

Paid for by state and local funding, as well as committed project investors



#### Is an Innovative and Modern Water Storage Project

Off-stream reservoir that will not dam an existing river or block fish migration on the Sacramento River, and will protect and enhance the \$1 billion in habitat investments made over the past two decades to improve and protect migratory corridors for endangered Salmon and the Pacific Flyway.

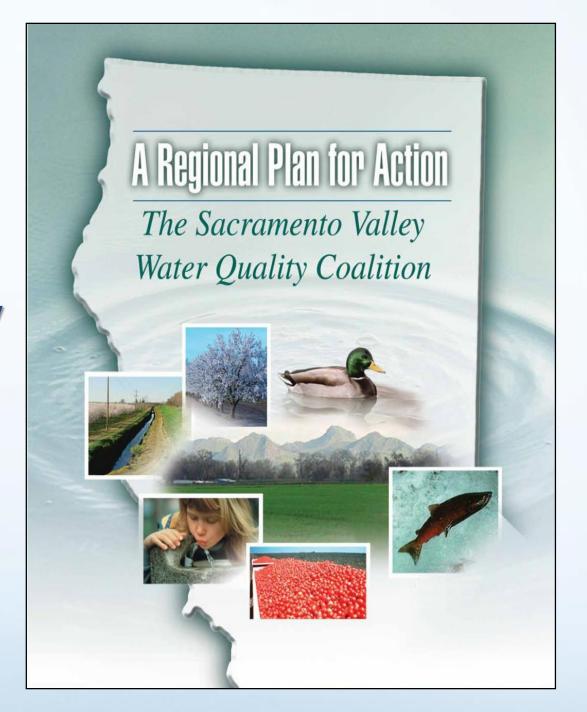
#### **Building** on

investments for our environment





# Improving Water Quality



# **Sacramento Valley Sustainability**

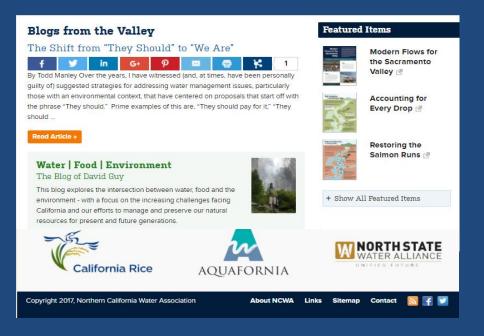
Provide a sustainable water supply for the unique mosaic of farm lands, wildlife refuges, managed wetlands and high quality rivers and streams that support waterfowl habitat and spawning grounds for numerous fish species and the cities and rural communities that make up this special region.



# **Voices from the Valley**

### norcalwater.org

### sacramentovalley.org





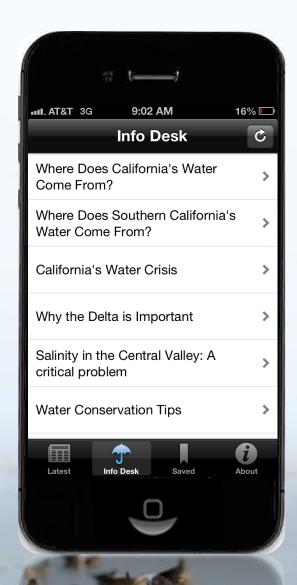
# Aquafornia



**AQUAFORNIA** 

The California Water News Blog

www.aquafornia.com



Like a human fingerprint, California's Sacramento Valley is truly unique. Nourishment and sustenance from the fields, habitats for fish and wildlife, recreation and an exceptionally high quality of life—the Sacramento Valley is home to all of this, and more. Only through the efficient management of the region's water resources will the Sacramento Valley be able to continue to provide what's essential to California's future success and prosperity.

# Think about...

- Highly managed water system
- Importance of CVP/SWP in region
- Multi-benefit water management
- Reactivating the floodplain
- Innovative and modern flow strategies
- A region in balance?
- Amazing partnerships
- Integration of human and natural dynamics
- Passion for the region

