Decomposing this drought

Mike Dettinger, USGS

 How much of the 2012-2015 drought has been precipitation deficit? How much is extra evaporative demand?

 How much less snowpack than normal has there been? How much less streamflow has there been? Reservoirs? Delta outflow? Hydropower?

And 2016?

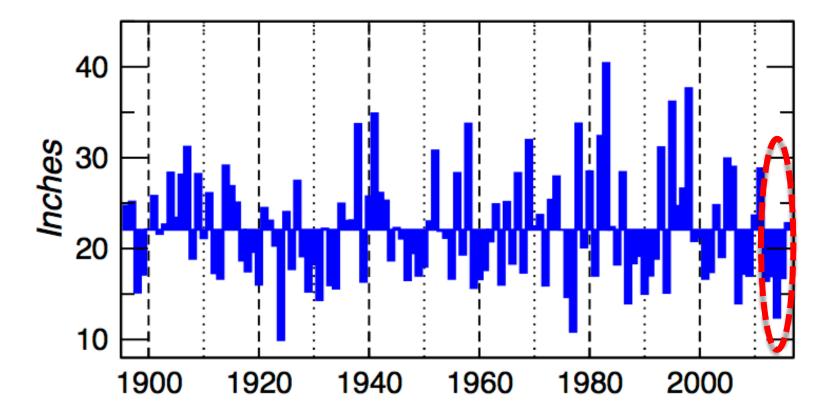






Center for Western Weather and Water Extremes

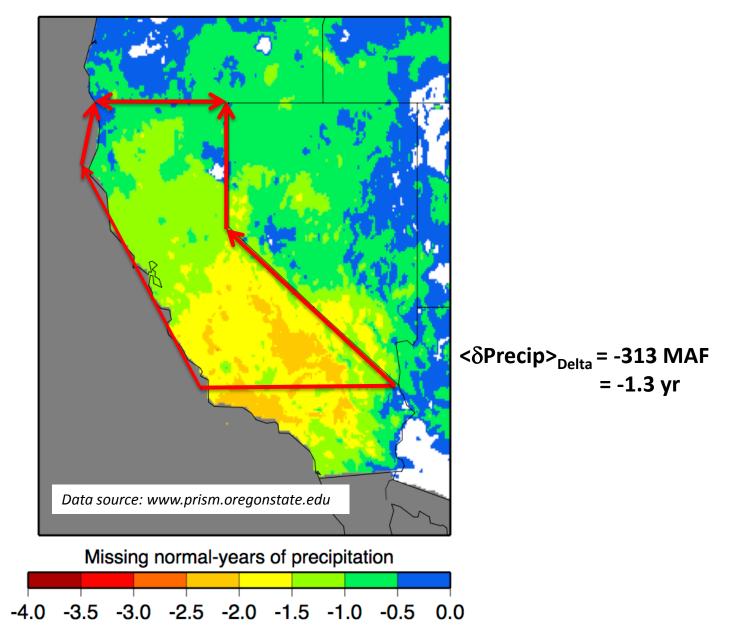
California Statewide Water-Year Precipitation



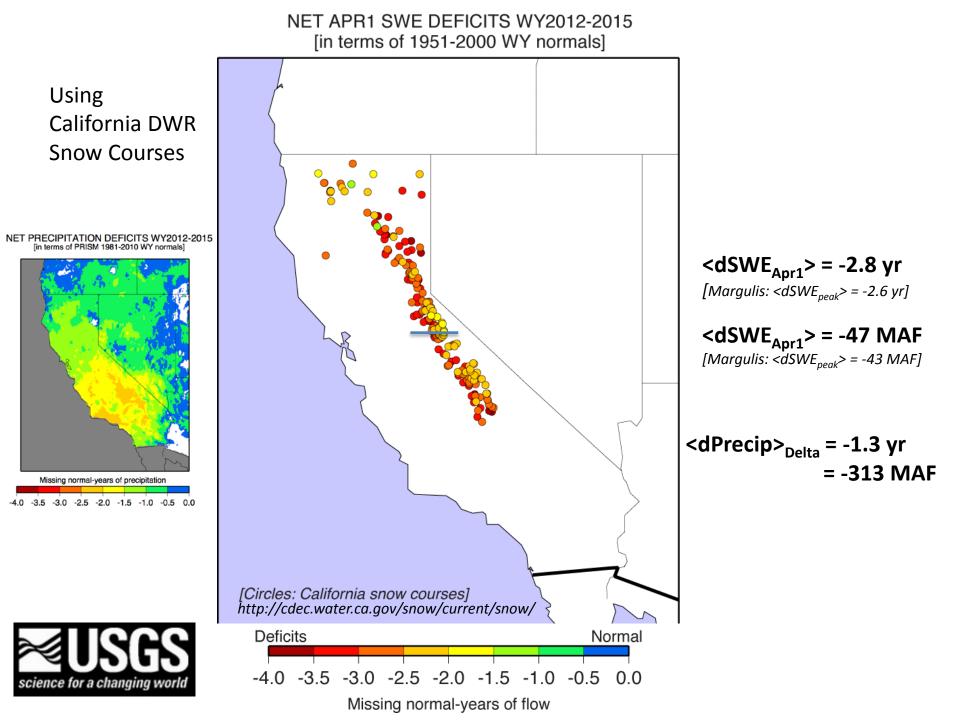


Data source: NOAA/NCEI

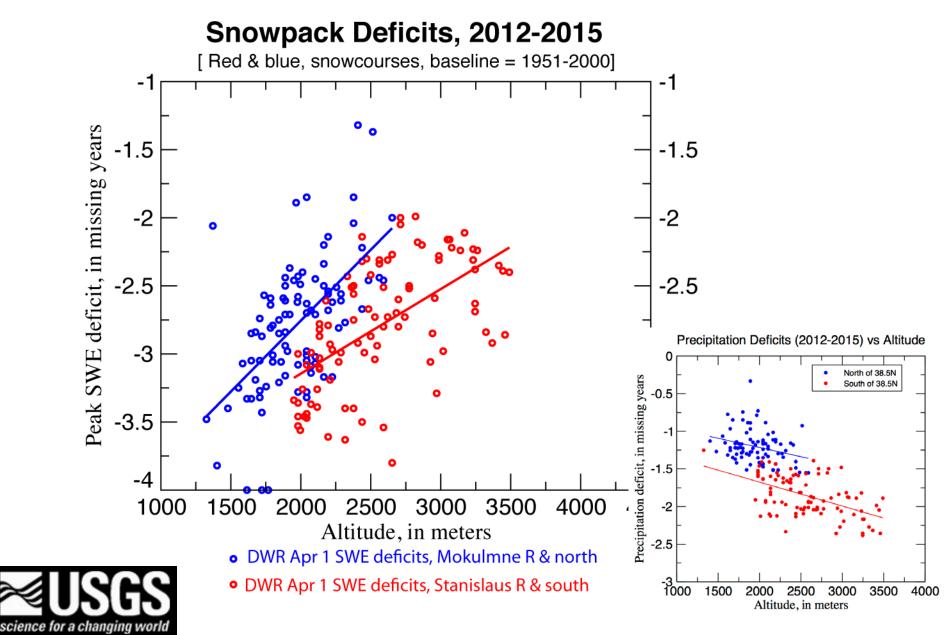
NET PRECIPITATION DEFICITS WY2012-2015 [in terms of PRISM 1981-2010 WY normals]

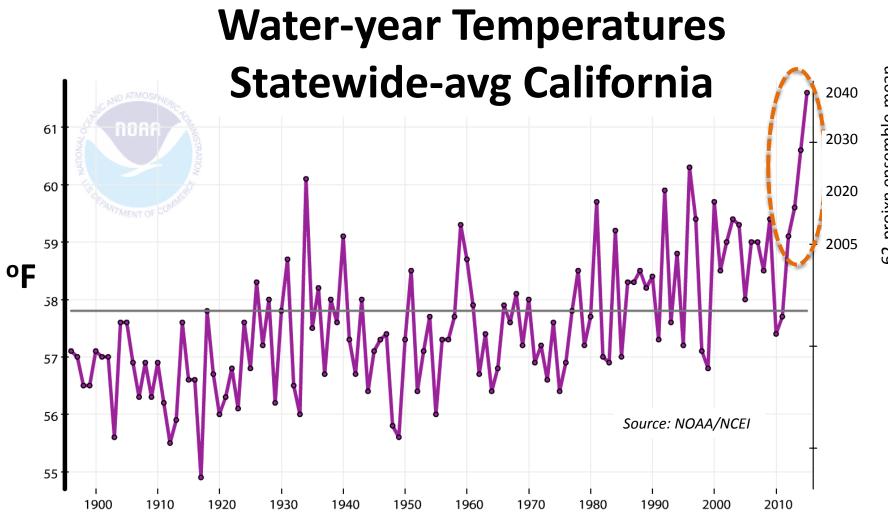






SWE deficits MUCH deficit-ier at lower altitudes







62-projxn ensemble-mean

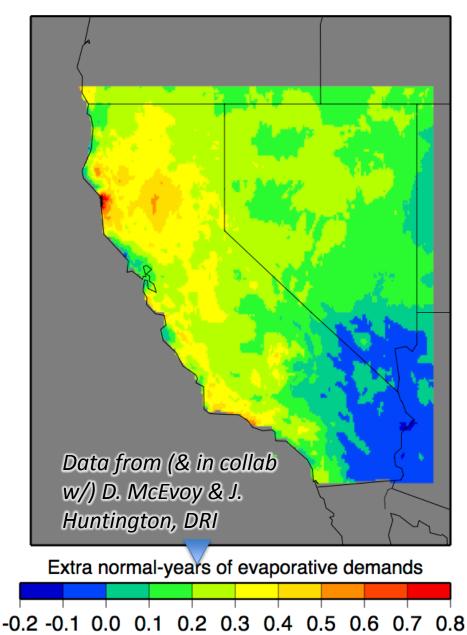
$$\mathsf{ET}_{o} = \frac{0.408\Delta(\mathsf{R}_{n} - \mathsf{G}) + \gamma \frac{900}{\mathsf{T} + 273}\mathsf{u}_{2}(\mathsf{e}_{s} - \mathsf{e}_{a})}{\Delta + \gamma(1 + 0.34\mathsf{u}_{2})}$$

• Net radiation

- Vapor pressure
- Ground-heat flux
- Wind
- Air temperature

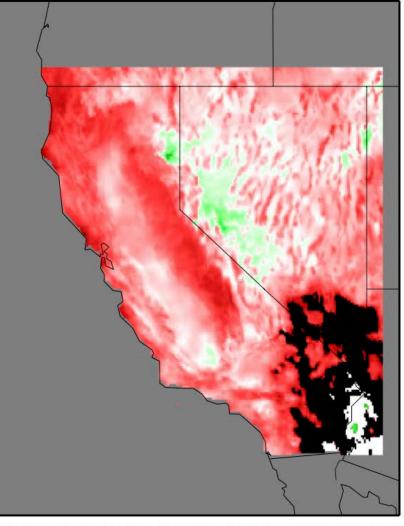
<dPrecip>_{Delta} = -313 MAF

<dETo>_{Delta} = +123 MAF



NET ETo SURPLUSES WY2012-2015 [in terms of 1981-2010 WY normals]

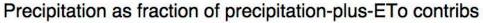
NET PRECIPITATION CONTRIBUTION TO DROUGHT WY2012-2015



 $\Delta P = \Sigma P - 4 * < P>$ $\Delta ETo = \Sigma ET - 4 * < ET>$

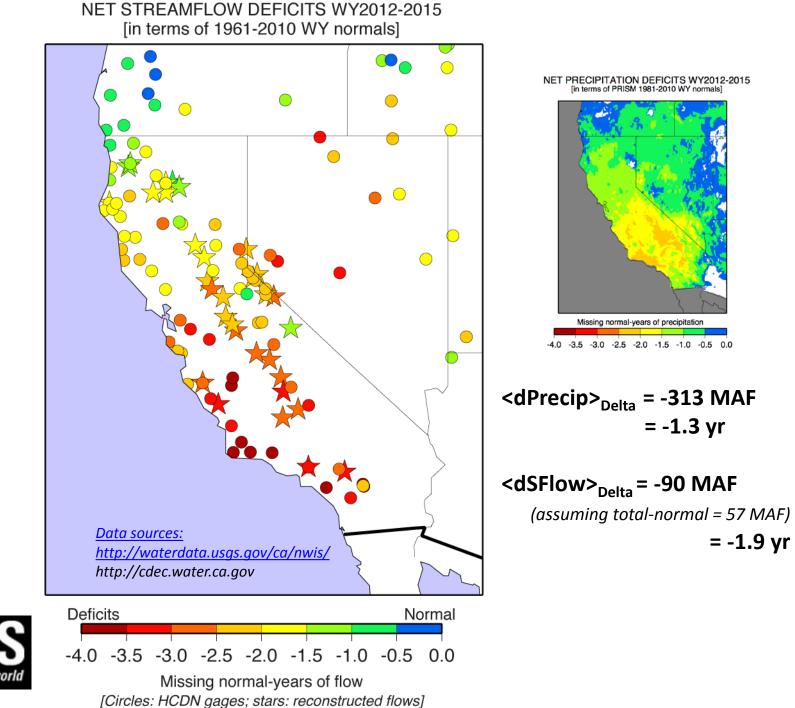
Mapped here:

- $\Delta P / (\Delta ETO - \Delta P)$





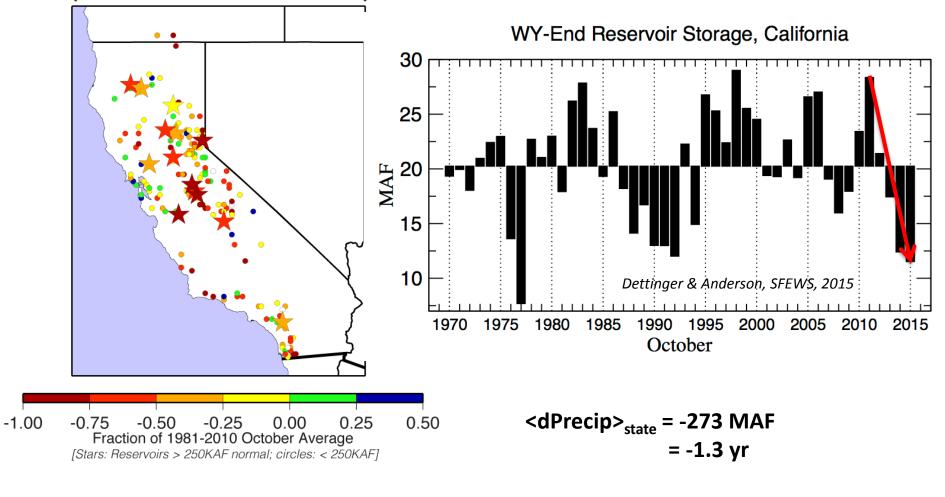






End of water year Reservoir Storage

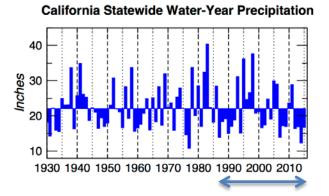
October 2015 Reservoir Storage Anomaly [as a fraction of 1981-2010 October normals]



<dResvr>_{state} = -17 MAF = -0.9 yr



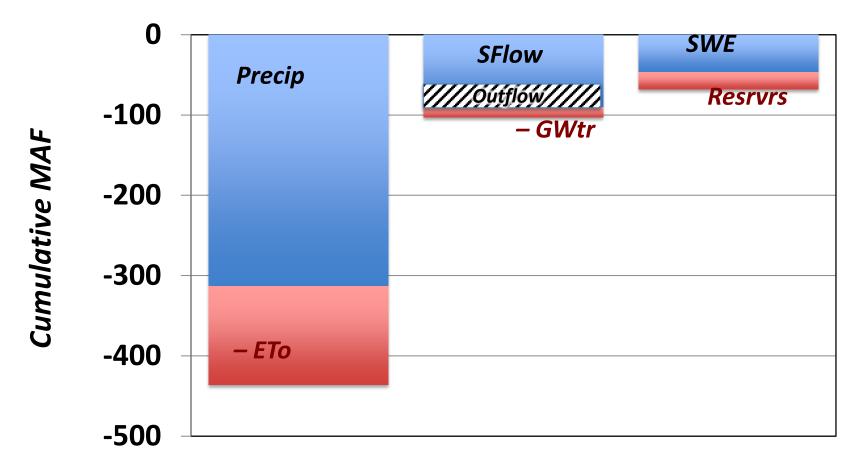
Water-Year Delta Outflows MAF 1990 2000 2010



Although this drought has been hard on X2 and Delta outflows, we are in a new period when *outflow drought* (compared to earlier decades) is the normal situation for those outflows.

<dOutFlow>₂₀₁₂₋₂₀₁₅ = -2.7 yr = -24 MAF

Accumulated Deficits, Delta-Totals, WY2012-2015



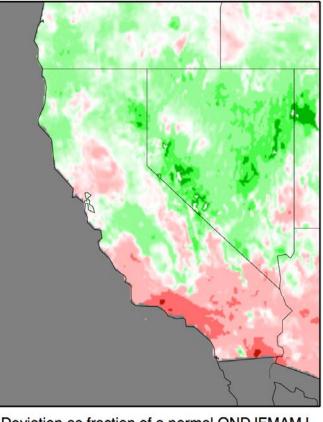


Caveat: Lots of apples & oranges here, but illustrative for comparing relative magnitudes of key deficits/surpluses pairs.

Turning to WY 2016...

PRECIPITATION ANOMALIES OCT2015-JUNE2016

[in terms of PRISM 1981-2010 ONDJFMAMJ normals]

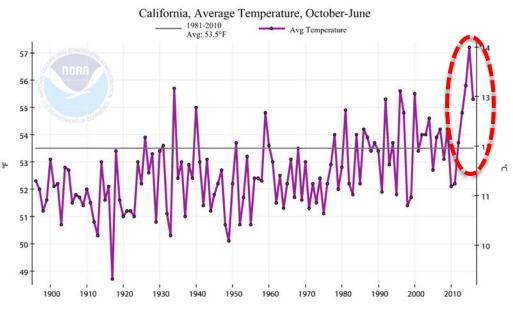


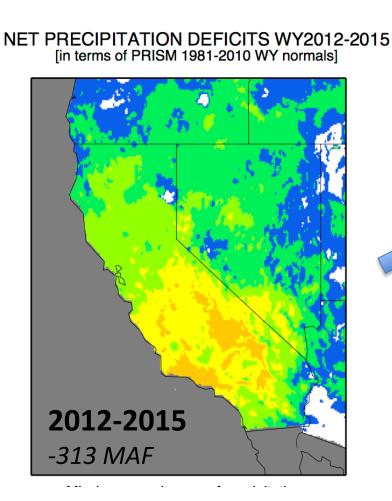
Deviation as fraction of a normal ONDJFMAMJ

							-	
-0.8	-0.6	-0.4	-0.2	0.0	0.2	0.4	0.6	0.8

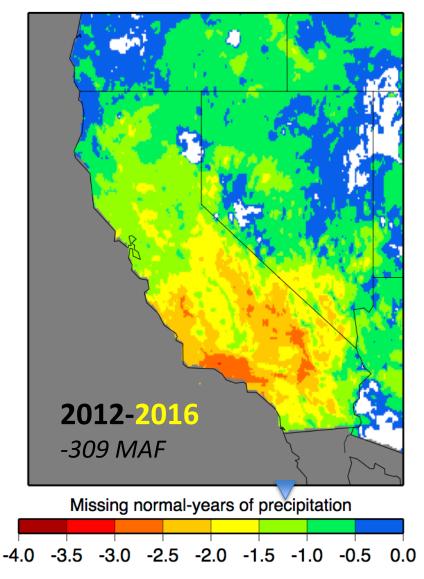


STATE-AVG TEMPERATURES, OCT-JUNE

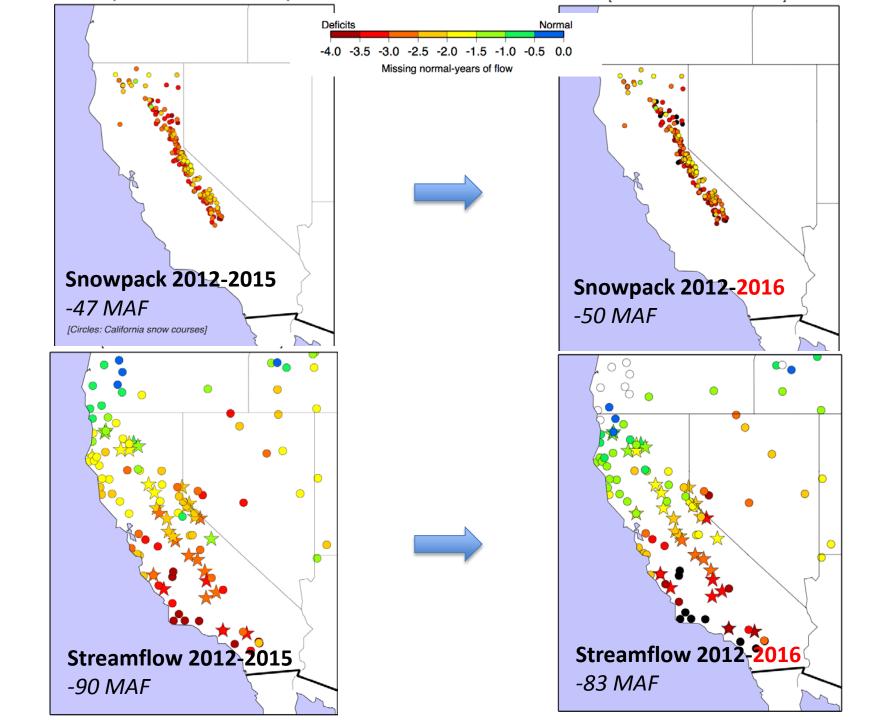




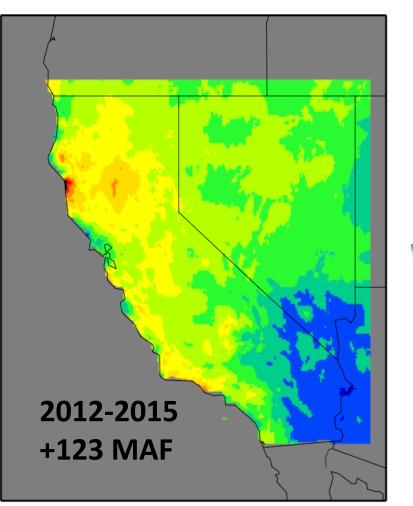
NET PRECIPITATION DEFICITS WY2012-2016 [in terms of PRISM 1981-2010 WY normals]







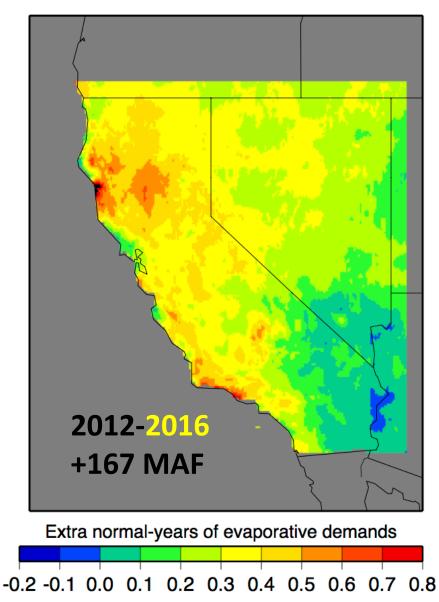
NET ETo SURPLUSES WY2012-2015 [in terms of 1981-2010 WY normals]



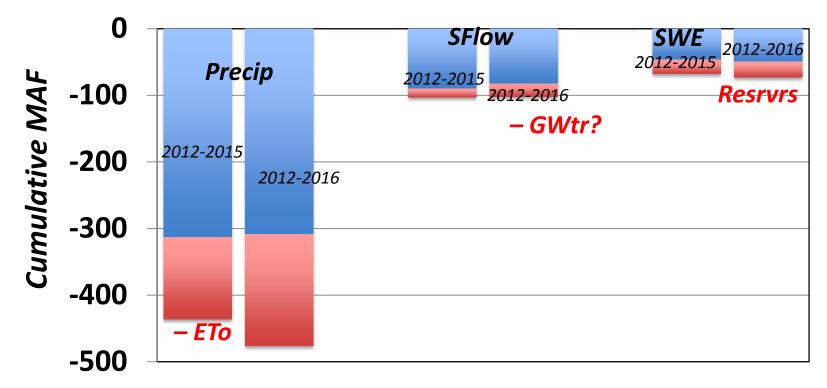
Science for a changing world

Data from (& in collab w/) D. McEvoy & J. Huntington, DRI

NET ETO SURPLUSES WY2012-July2016 [in terms of 1981-2010 WY normals]



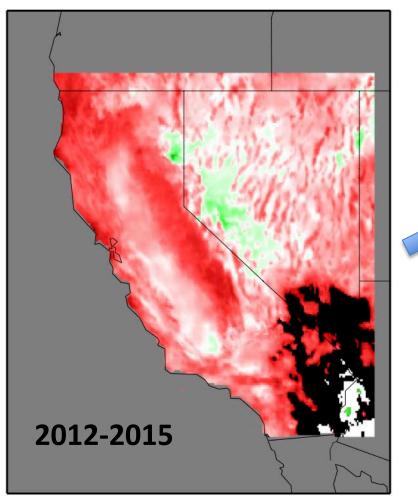
Comparisons of Accumulated Deficits, Delta-Totals, WY2012-2015 vs WY2012-2016



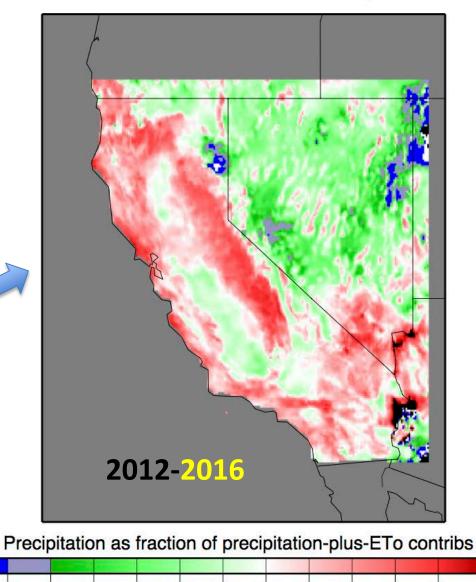


Caveat: Lots of apples & oranges here, but illustrative for comparing relative magnitudes of key deficits/surpluses pairs.

NET PRECIPITATION CONTRIBUTION TO DROUGHT WY2012-2015



NET PRECIPITATION CONTRIBUTION TO DROUGHT WY2012-July2016



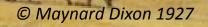


Eto data from (& in collab w/) D. McEvoy -1.0 -0.2 0.0 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6 0.7 0.8 0.9 1.0 & J. Huntington, DRI

CONCLUSIONS

- In this drought, precipitation & temperature (ET) aspects have been vying with each other to determine drought severity in absolute (MAF) terms
- Drought deficits amplify in relative terms (missing yrs) as they pass into & thru the water system
- WY2016 was just wet enough to allow many deficits to hold their own, but continued warm temperatures have added considerably to this drought's "extra" evaporation demands.





Questions?



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