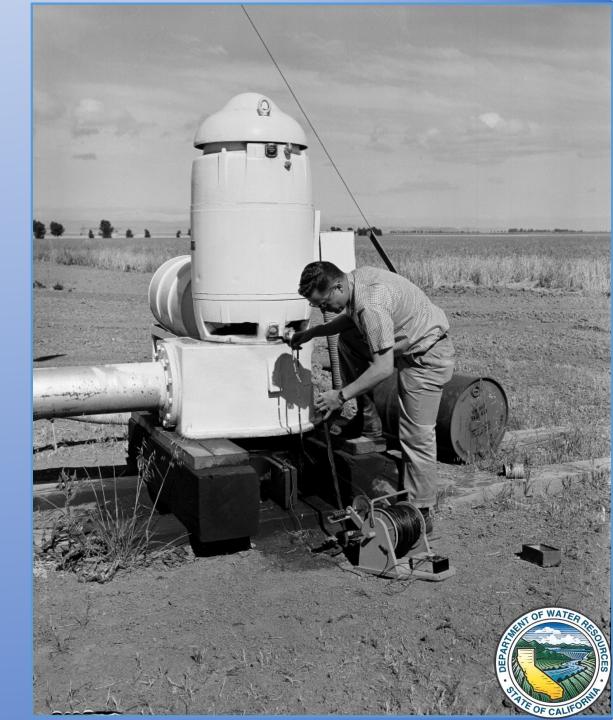
Groundwater in the San Joaquin Valley Update



Department of Water Resources South Central Region Office April 26, 2016

Outline

- California Groundwater Overview
- Groundwater Use and Priority
- Statewide Groundwater Conditions
- San Joaquin Valley Conditions
- SGMA Update



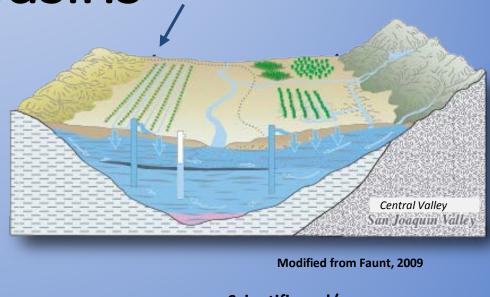
Alluvial Groundwater Basins

Scientific

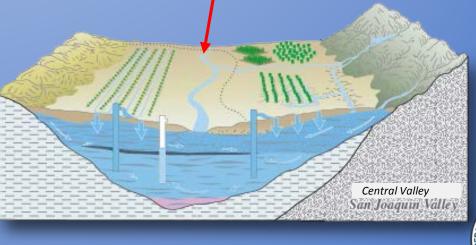
SGMA Definitions

Groundwater Basin – An alluvial aquifer or a stacked series of alluvial aquifers with reasonably well-defined boundaries in a lateral direction and having a definable bottom

Groundwater Subbasin – A subbasin is created by dividing a groundwater basin into smaller units using geologic and hydrologic barriers or institutional boundaries



Scientific and/or Jurisdictional





Crystalline-Rock Aquifers

- Consolidated "hard" rock
- Underlies mountainous & highland areas
- Only permeable where fractured
- Low yield



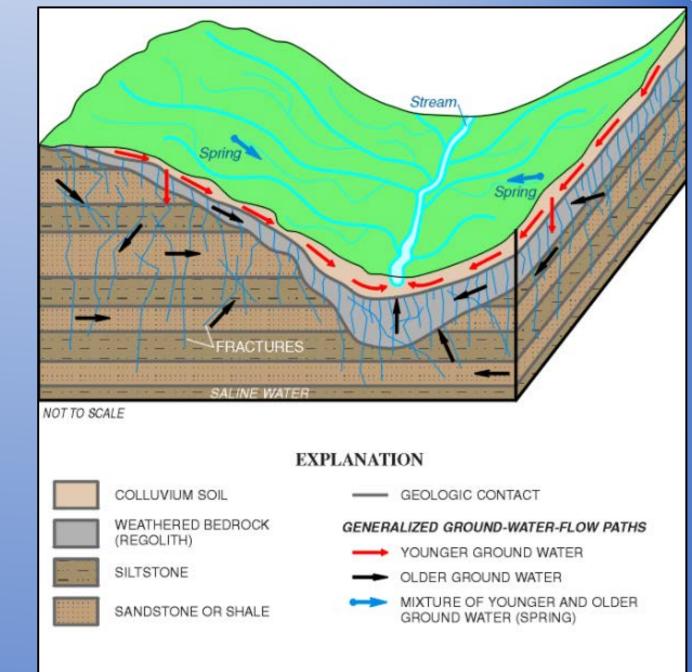
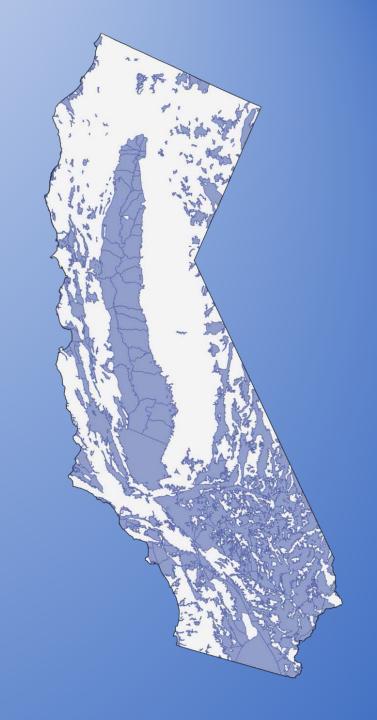


Figure 5. Conceptual ground-water flow in a fractured-rock setting (modified from Harlow and LeCain, 1991).

Development of California Groundwater Basins and Subbasins

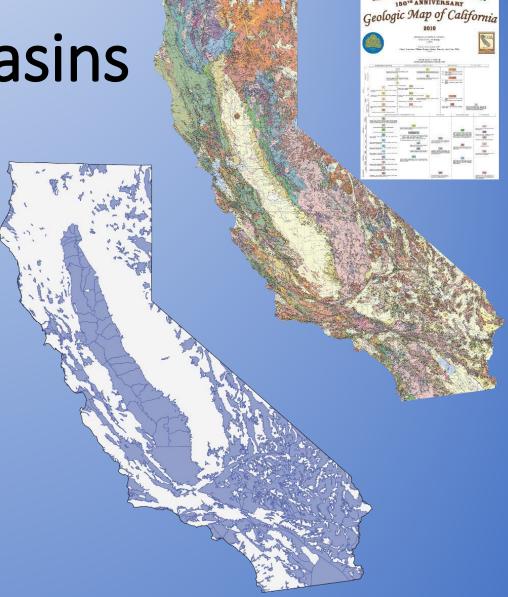
- Groundwater Basins & Subbasins Are Defined in DWR Bulletin 118 Using the Best Available Data
- Modifications to Basin Boundaries Have Occurred During B-118 Updates





California Groundwater Basins

- 515 Groundwater Basins
- ~40% of groundwater use
- Varying level of detail in existing dataset
- Currently in process of updating basin boundaries



2003 B-118 Groundwater Basins



CASGEM Basin Prioritization

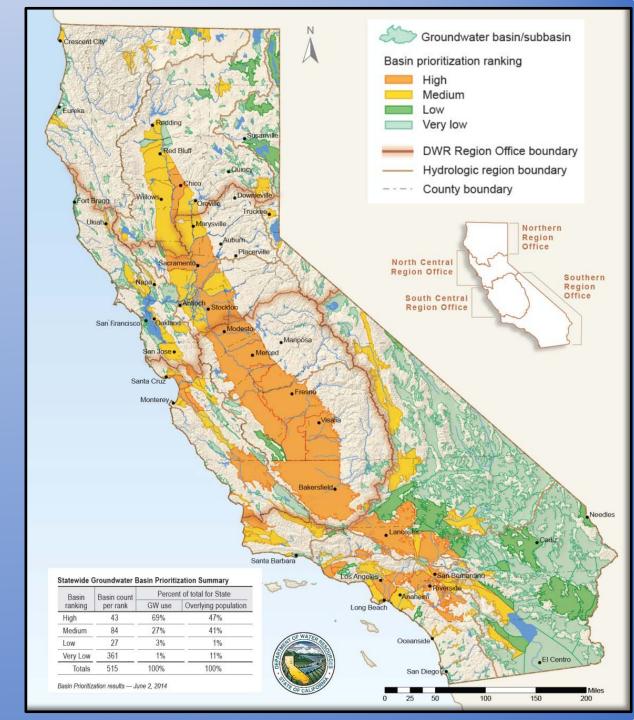
Statewide Breakdown

Basin	Basin Count	Percent of Total for Hydrologic Region	
Ranking	per Rank	GW Use	Overlying Population
High	43	69%	47%
Medium	84	27%	41%
Low	27	3%	1%
Very Low	361	1%	11%
Totals	515	100%	100%

127 High & Medium Priority basins

96% of groundwater use 88% of overlying population

http://www.water.ca.gov/groundwater/casgem/





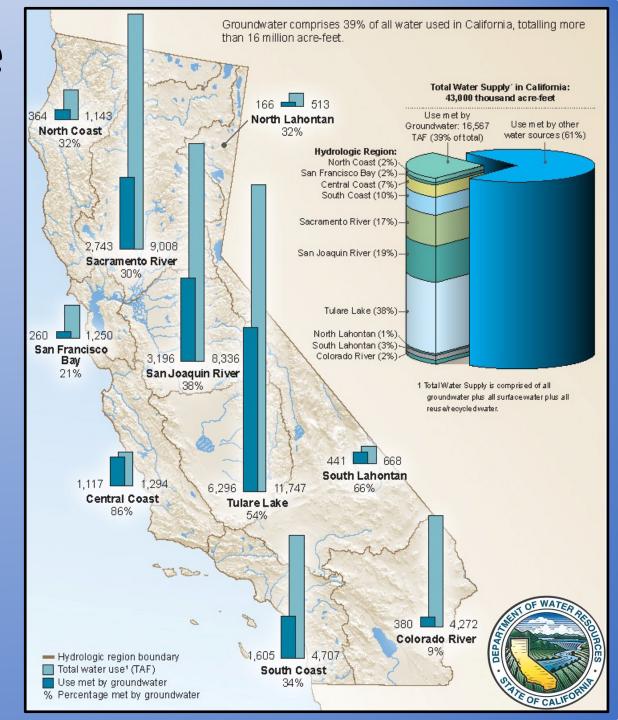
Critically Overdrafted Basins/Subbasins

- Updated in 2016
- 7 new basins/subbasins
- 21 Total
- 11 in Central Valley

Statewide Groundwater Use

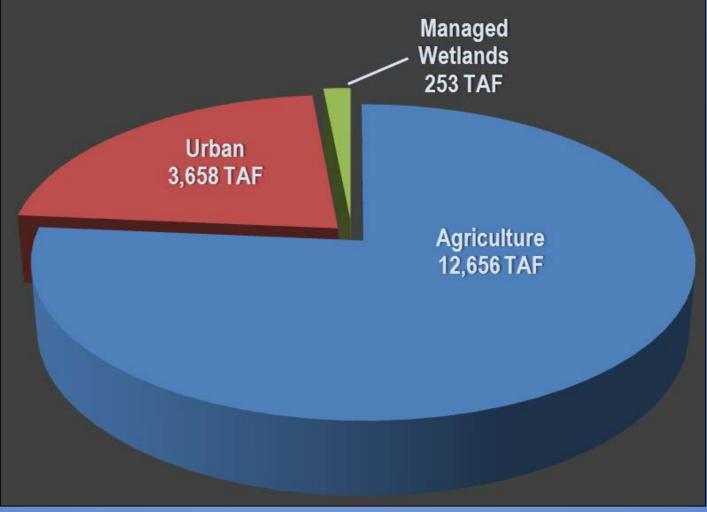
- Regions with highest use: (relative to statewide total)
- Tulare Lake 38%
- San Joaquin River 19%
- Sacramento River 17%
- South Coast 10%

(2005 to 2010 Average Annual Data)



Statewide Groundwater Use

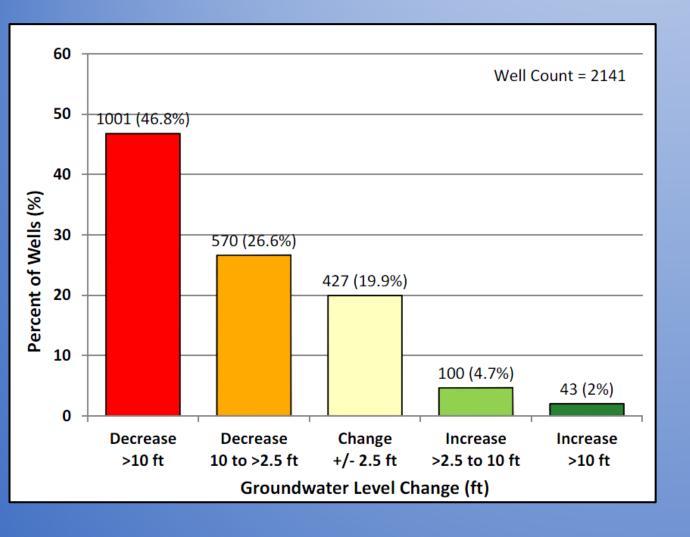
2005-2010 Average Annual: 16,567 (TAF)

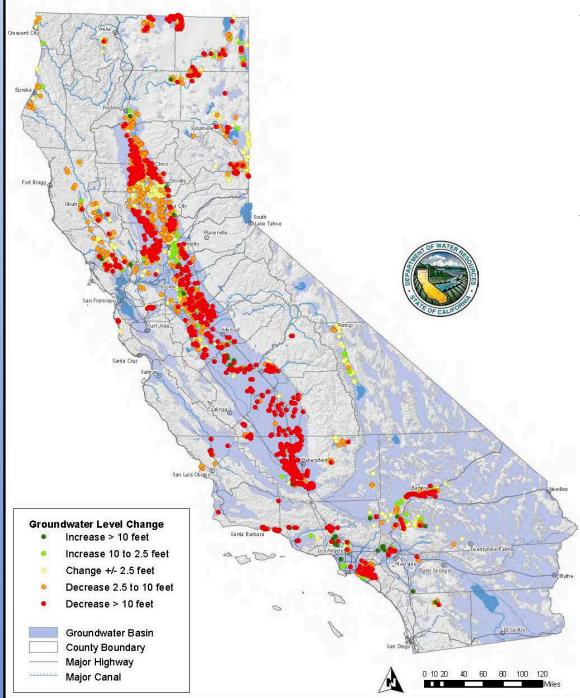




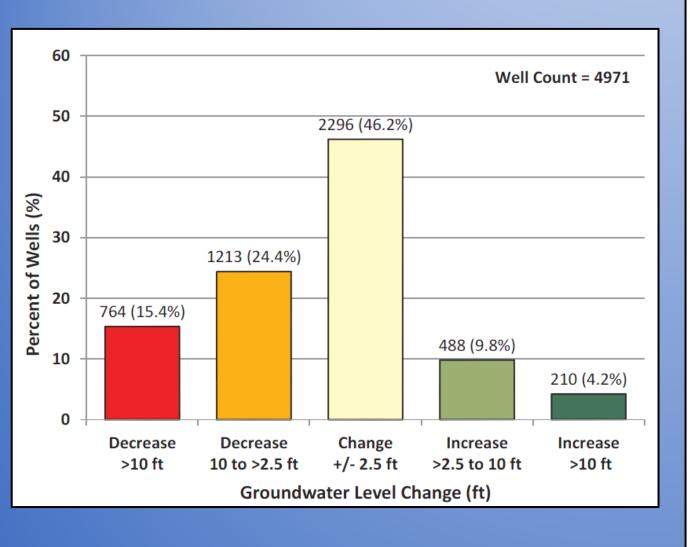
Source: California Water Plan Update 2013

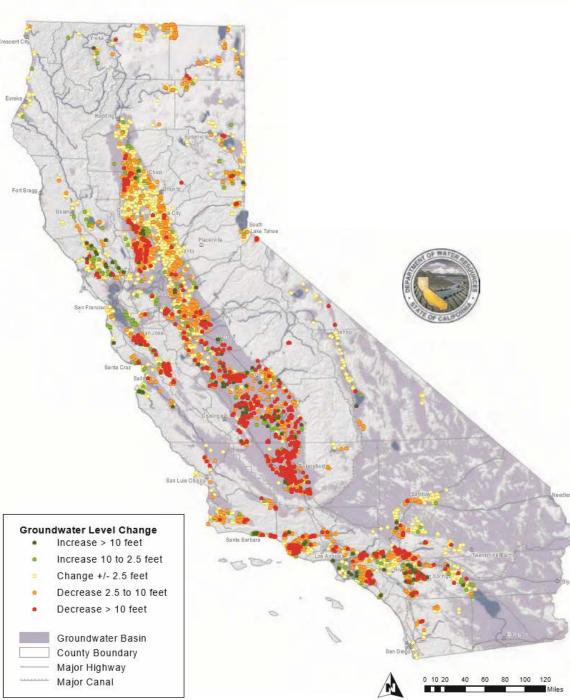
Groundwater Level Change: Spring 2005-2015



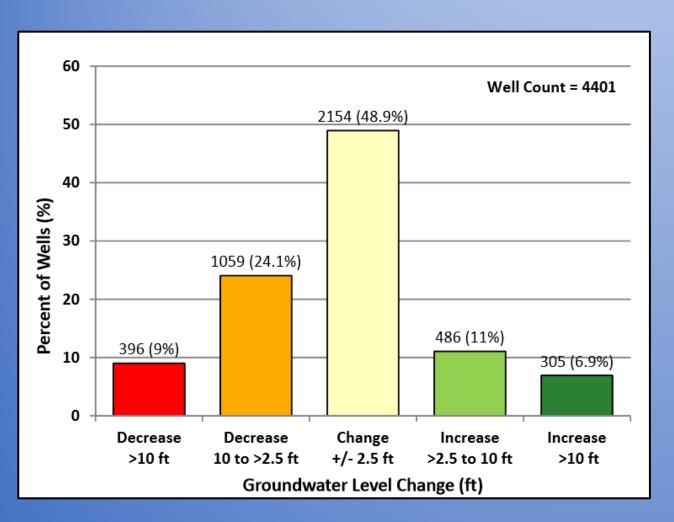


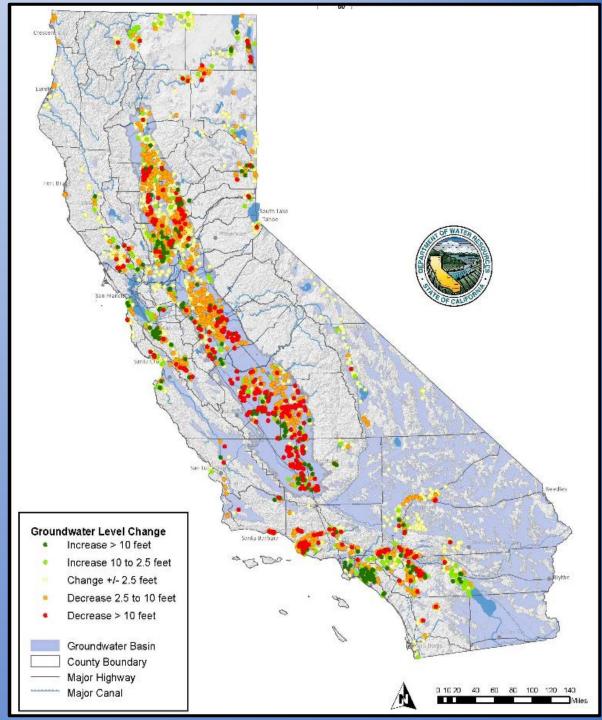
Groundwater Level Change: Spring 2014-2015

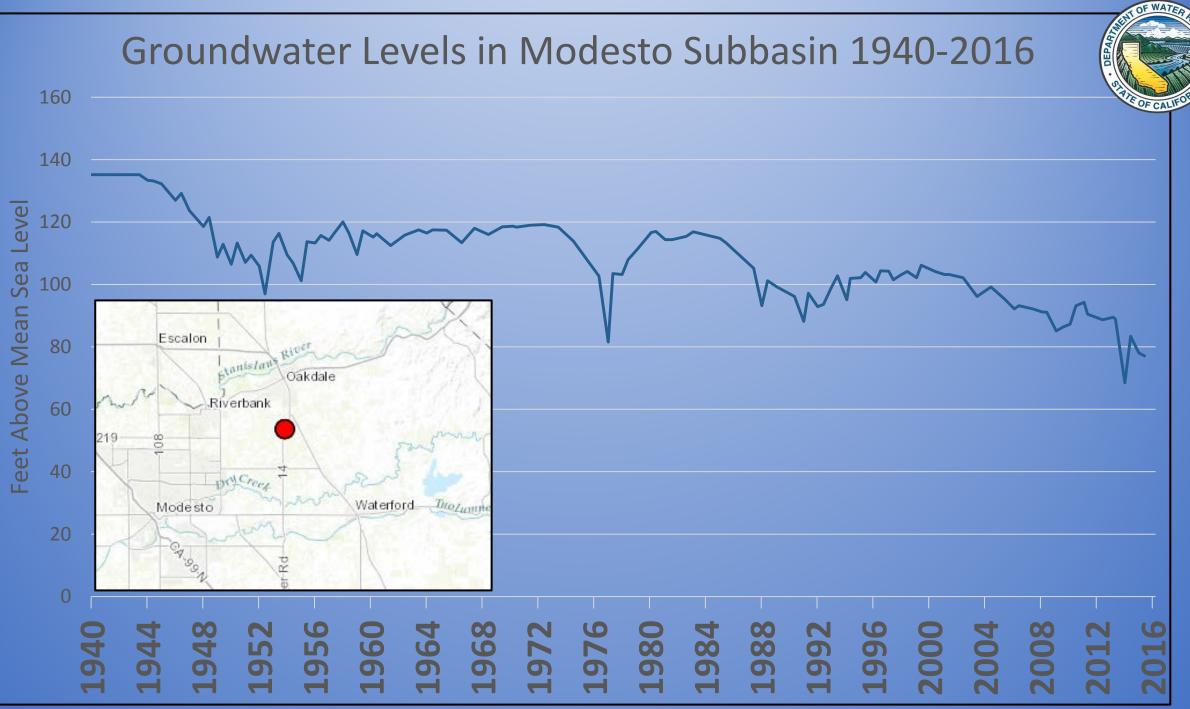


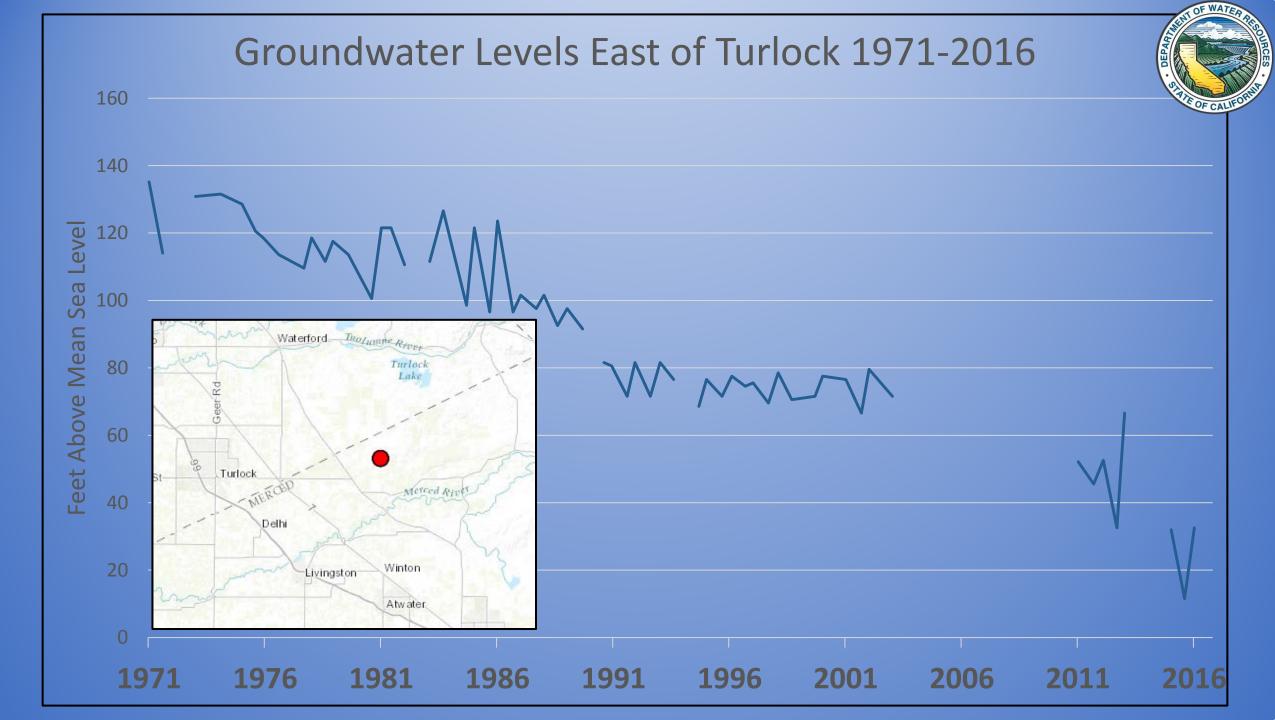


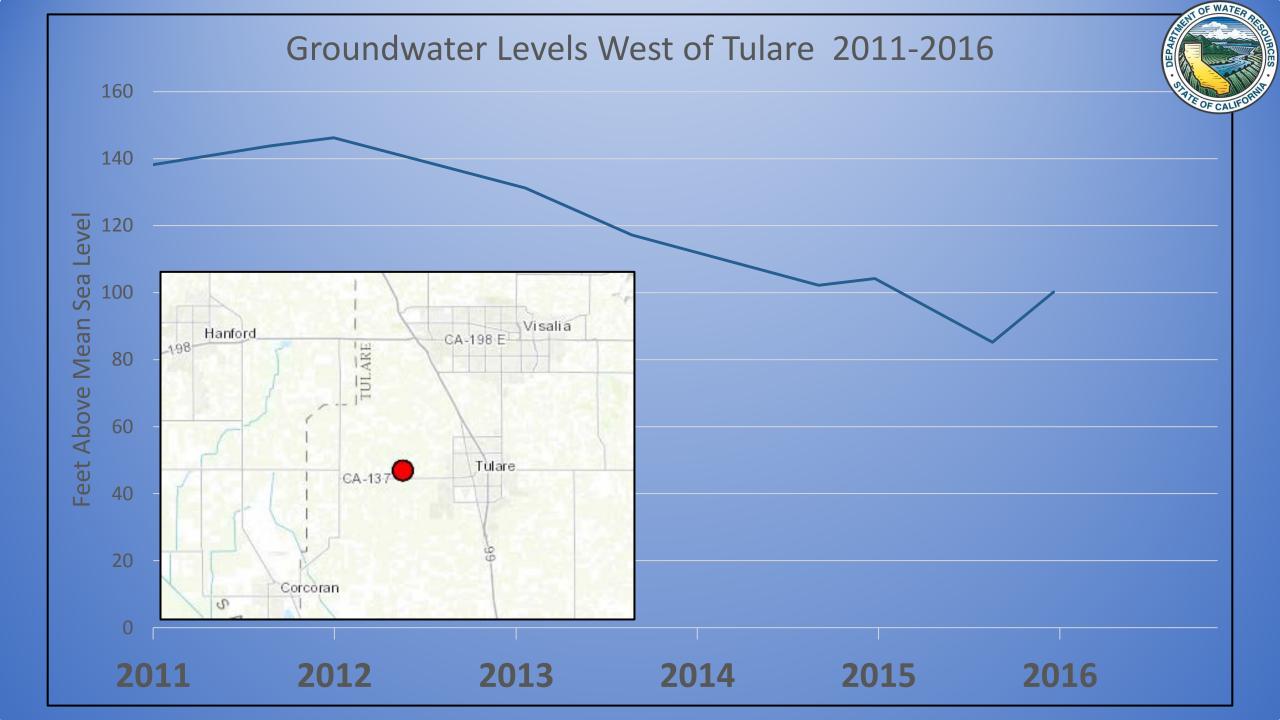
Groundwater Level Change: Fall 2014-2015

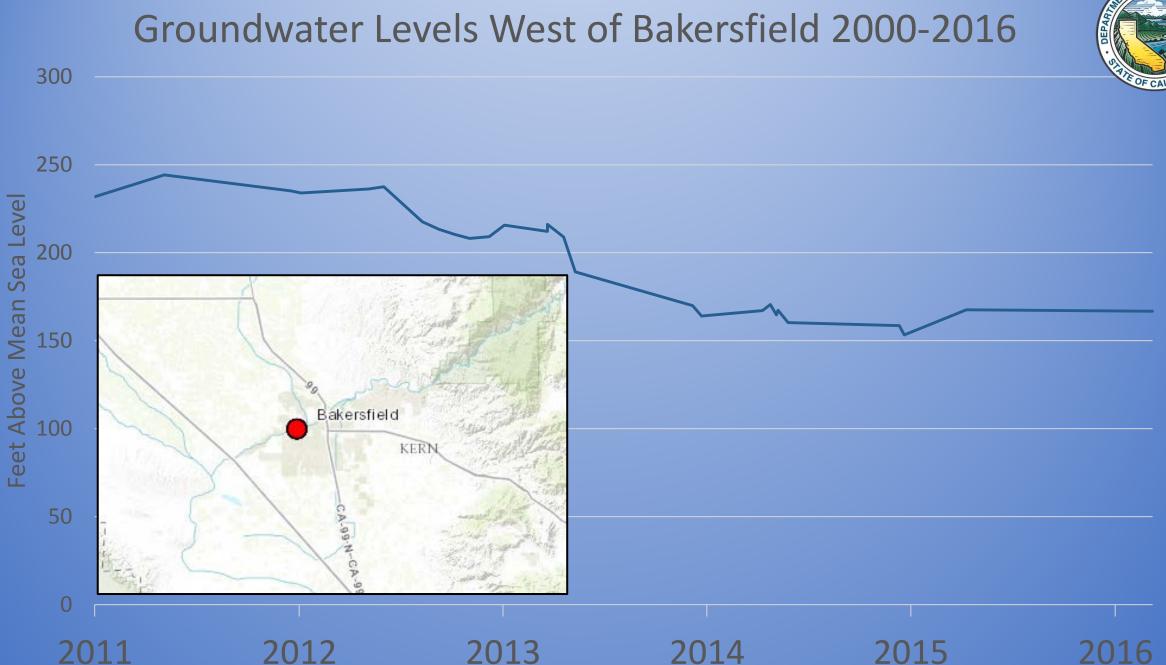












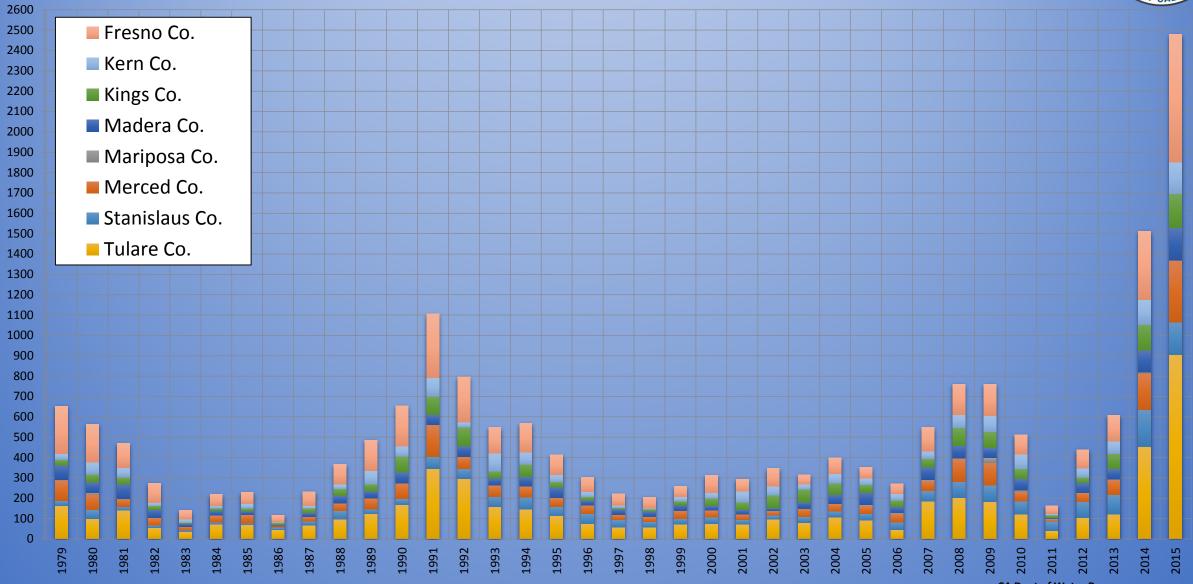
OF WATA

Localized Issues

- Groundwater Decline
- Land Subsidence
- Continued Drilling
- Many basins/subbasins critically overdrafted
- Impacts from drought



New Irrigation Well Completion Reports Received San Joaquin River and Tulare Lake Hydrologic Regions 1979-2015



Year

CA Dept of Water Resources

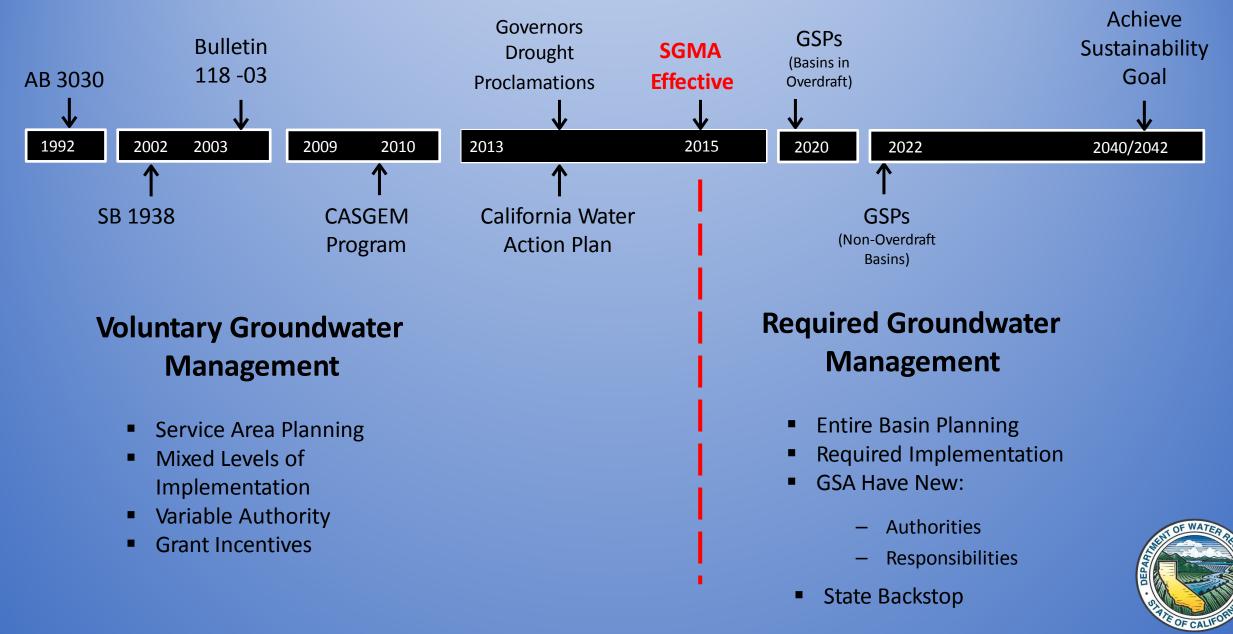
OF WATE

2014 Historic Groundwater Legislation

- Sustainable Groundwater Management Act
 Supports California Water Action Plan
- 2016
 - Regulations for:
 - Basin boundaries
 - GSPs and Alternatives
- 2017
 - BMPs
 - GSAs (H&M)
- 2020
 - Critical overdraft basins managed under GSPs
- 2022
 - All H&M basins under GSP
- ~2040
 - Achieve sustainability



California's Major Groundwater Milestones

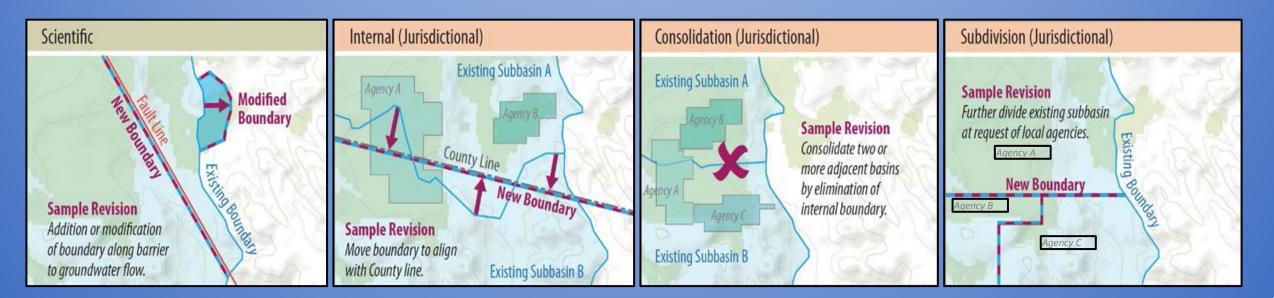


Basin Boundary Modifications



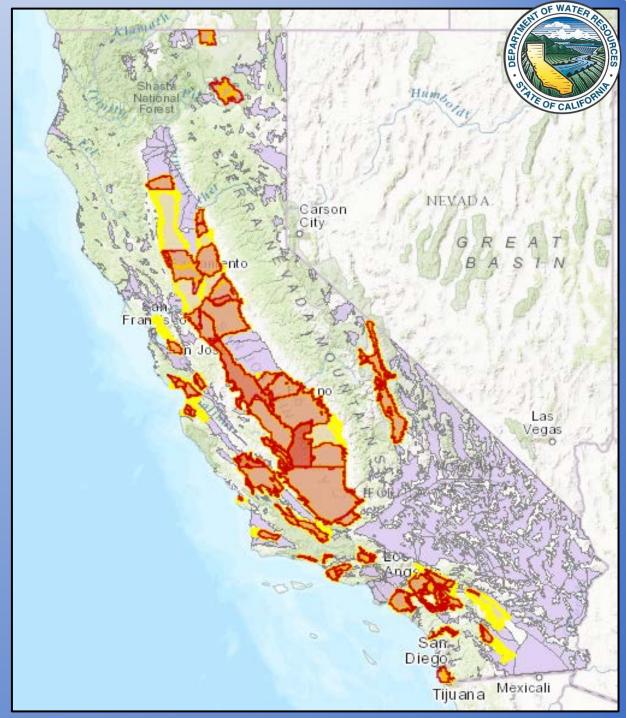
- Reviewing requests by local agencies to modify current groundwater basin/subbasin boundaries
- Requests are based on
 - Scientific Evidence
 - Jurisdictional Reasoning





Basin Boundary Requests By the Numbers

- 55 Requests from local agencies to modify a basin/subbasin
- Potential for 50 basins/subbasins to change
- DWR making additional modification based on latest available science



Groundwater Sustainability Agencies

Groundwater Sustainability Agency - means one or more local agencies that may impose fees or take other actions to develop and enforce a groundwater sustainability plan

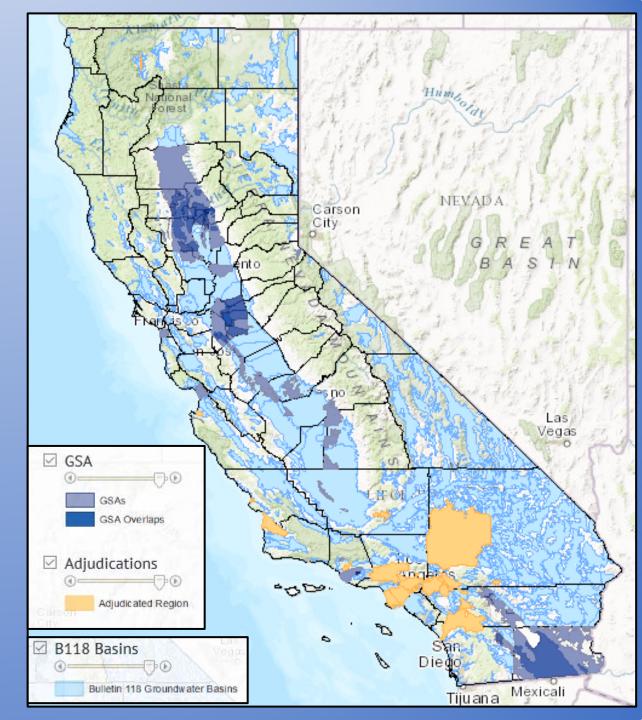
Local Agency – A local public agency that has water supply, water management, or land use responsibilities within a groundwater basin

*May be one or more GSA's within each basin or subbasin but must coordinate together

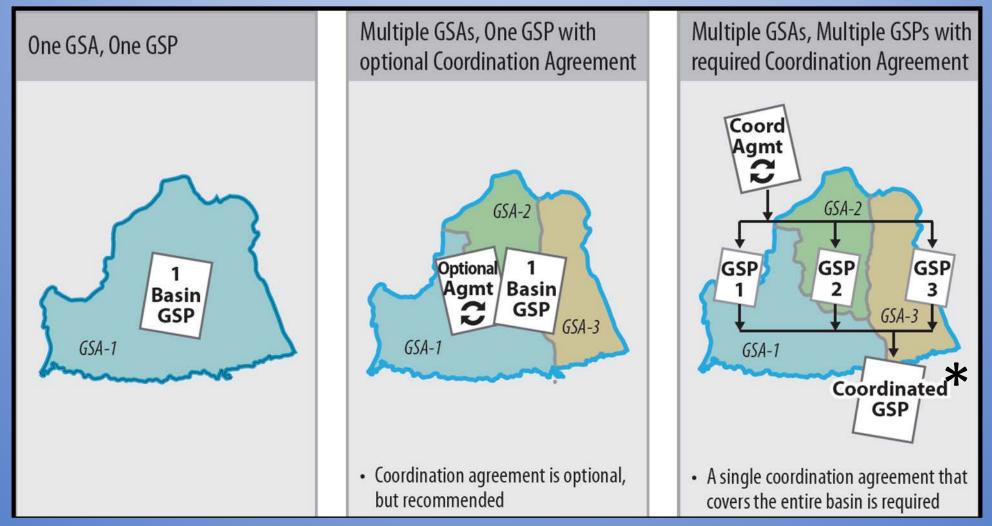


GSAs by the Numbers

- 78 Total GSA Notices
- 49 GSA's experiencing overlap
- 19 "Exclusive" GSA's
- 9 GSA notices in 90-day period
- 5 GSA notices incomplete
- 37 (high and medium) basins/subbasins with GSA's formed
- 25 counties with GSA



GSP Possibilities Within a Basin/Subbasin



*Idea of GSP will be revised future revisions of GSP Regulations

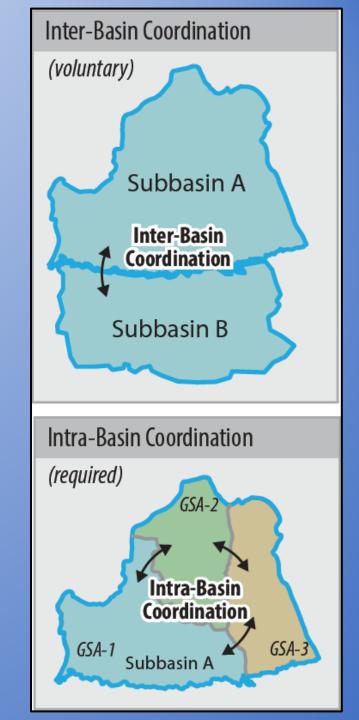


Required Coordination for Multiple GSA's

 Inter-Basin Coordination: Voluntary coordination between two or more basins that are hydraulically connected

2. Intra-Basin Coordination: Required coordination for basins with multiple GSPs and recommended for basins with multiple GSAs preparing a Single GSP





Overview of Groundwater Sustainability Plans

- Article 1. Introductory Provisions
- Article 2. Definitions
- Article 3. Technical and Reporting Standards
- Article 4. Procedures
- Article 5. Plan Content
- Article 6. Evaluation and Assessment
- Article 7. Reports, Assessments, and Amendments
- Article 8. Coordination Agreements
- Article 9. Alternatives and Adjudicated Areas



Groundwater Sustainability Plans

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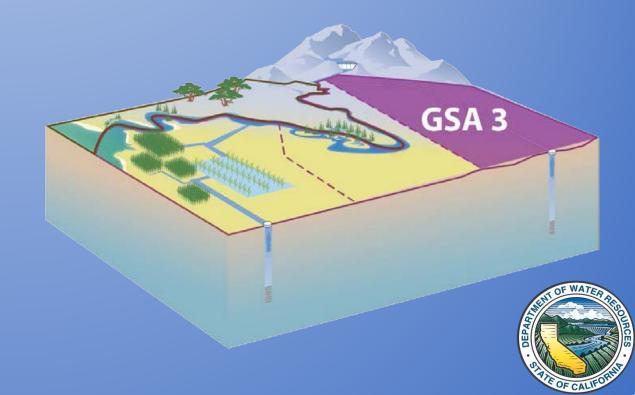


Article 5. Subarticle 1. Administrative Information

Executive Summary Agency Information Description of Plan Area

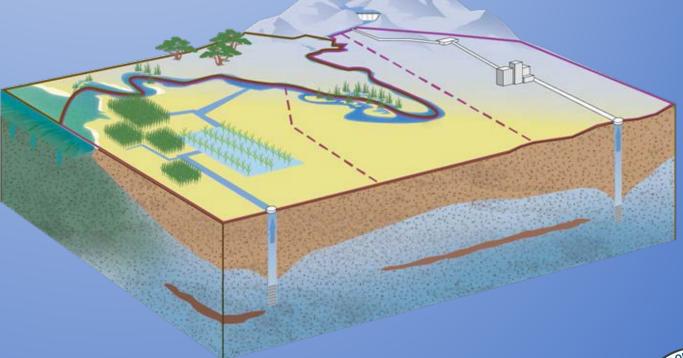
- Jurisdictional Boundaries
- Delineation of Land Uses
- Well Distribution
- Existing Monitoring and Management Programs
- Summary of Land Use Plans



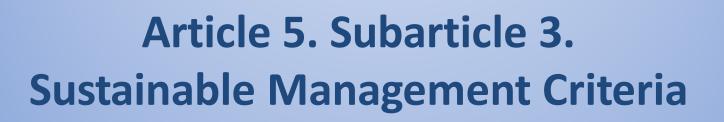


Article 5. Subarticle 2. Basin Setting

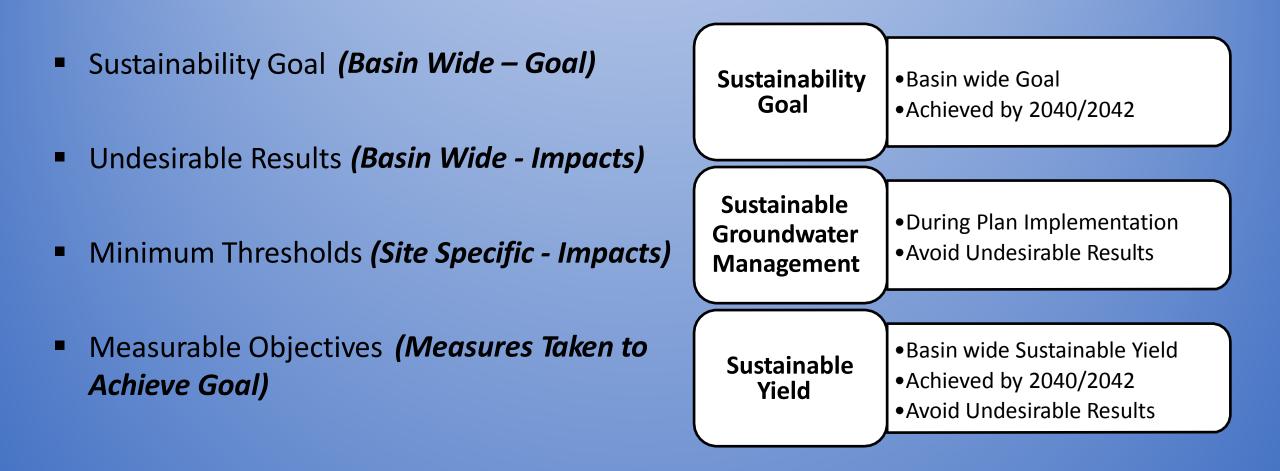
- Hydrogeologic Conceptual Model
- Basin Conditions
- Water Budget
- Management Areas





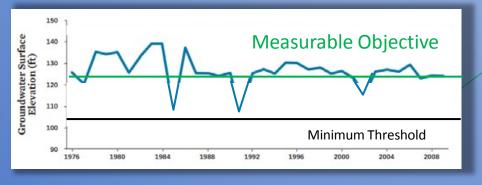






Article 5. Subarticle 4. Monitoring Networks

- Monitoring Network
- Representative Monitoring
- Assessment and Improvement of Monitoring Network



Representative Sites:

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 Representative of Basin conditions and adequate to monitor <u>critical parameters</u>



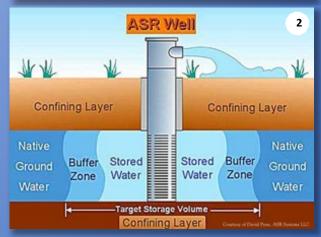
Article 5. Subarticle 5. Projects and Management Actions

- GSP developed and adopted to meet measurable objectives and prevent undesirable results
- Contingency projects or actions that would be triggered if groundwater conditions have not responded to previous management actions
 - Supported by available scientific data, analytical methods, and groundwater models, if available









DWR Groundwater http://www.water.ca.gov/groundwater/



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CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES

Introduction

Groundwater resources play a vital role in maintaining California's economic and environmental sustainability. During an average year, California's 515 alluvial groundwater basins and subbasins contribute approximately 38 percent toward the State's total water supply. During dry years, groundwater contributes up to 46 percent (or more) of the statewide annual supply, and serves as a critical buffer against the impacts of drought and climate change. Many municipal, agricultural, and disadvantaged communities rely on groundwater for up to 100 percent of their water supply needs. Groundwater extraction in excess of natural and managed recharge has caused historicallylow groundwater elevations in many regions of California.

HOME NEWSROOM & EVENTS ISSUES ABOUT US

DWR has a long-standing history of collecting and analyzing groundwater data, investigating and reporting groundwater conditions, implementing local groundwater assistance grants, encouraging integrated water management, and providing the technical experise needed to improve statewide groundwater management practices. In addition, DWR is responsible for implementing the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA), the California Statewide Groundwater Elevation Monitoring (CASGEM) program, and characterizing California's groundwater basis through updates to Bulletin 18.

The Sustainable Groundwater Management (SGM) Program

To implement the increased responsibilities given to DWR by the 2014 Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA), DWR has expanded its existing local assistance programs in the Division of Integrated Regional Water Management (DIRWM) and has developed a Strategic Plan for the Sustainable Groundwater Management (SGM) program. *More info.*,

Groundwater Information Center (GIC)

The Groundwater Information Center (GIC) is DWR's portal for groundwater basics, technical groundwater information, groundwater management plans, water well basics, and statewide reports, maps, and figures. <u>More</u> <u>info...</u> CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES HOME NEWSROOM & EVENTS ISSUES ABOUT US

SGM Sustainable Groundwater Management

Introduction

O DWR O California

The Department of Water Resources (DWR) has developed a Strategic Plan for its Sustainable Groundwate Management (SGM) Program. DWR's SGM Program will implement the new and expanded responsibilities identified in the 2014 Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA). Some of these expanded responsibilities include: (1) developing regulations to revise groundwater basin boundaries; (2) adopting reg for evaluating and implementing Groundwater Sustainability Plans (GSPs) and coordination agreements; (3) identifying basins subject to critical conditions of overdraft, (4) identifying water available for groundwater replenishment, and (5) publishing best management practices for the sustainable management of groundwater

Announcements

GSA notification recieved

DWR has recieved a notification of formation of a Groundwater Sustainability Agency. View the notification

3 Sustainable Groundwater Management Timeline

Timeline of relevant activites outlined in the Sustainable Groundwater Management Act is available here.

The Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA)

The SGMA is a three-bill package that collectively establishes a new structure for managing California's groundwater. A central feature of the SGMA is the recognition that groundwater management in California is accomplished locally. The SGMA was signed by Governor Edmund G. Brown Jr. on September 16, 2014, at includes the provisions of Senate Bill (SB) 1168, Assembly Bill (AB) 1739, and SB 1319. The SGMA builds of the existing groundwater management provisions established by AB 3030 (1992), SB 1938 (2002), and AB 3 (2011), as well as SBX7 6 (2009) which established the California Statewide Groundwater Elevation Monitor (CASSEM) Program.



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Groundwater Information Center

Introduction

The Groundwater Information Center is DWR's portal for groundwater information, groundwater management plans, water well basics, and statewide and regional reports, maps and figures. California's groundwater provides approximately 30 to 46 percent of the State's total water supply, depending on wet or dry years, and serves as a critical buffer against drought and climate change. Some communities in California are 100 percent reliant upon groundwater for urban and agricultural use.

DWR has a long-standing history of collecting and analyzing groundwater data, investigating and reporting groundwater conditions, implementing local groundwater assistance grants, encouraging integrated water management, and providing the technical expertise needed to improve groundwater management practices. DWR will continue to work with local agencies and regional organizations to provide data that enables sustainable groundwater management. The Groundwater Information Center website will be updated as new information becomes available.

New Groundwater and Sustainable Groundwater Management websites

As a result of the recent groundwater legislation, DWR has created two new websites relating to groundwater: "Groundwater" and "Sustainable Groundwater Management". The new DWR Groundwater website provides a central hub to California's major groundwater programs that DWR is responsible for, including Sustainable Groundwater Management, California Statewide Groundwater Elevation Monitoring (CASGEM), and Bulletin 118. The new DWR Sustainable Groundwater Management website provides information related to DWR's new Sustainable Groundwater Management Program.

GROUNDWATER HOME

GROUNDWATER

Groundwater Basics

- Maps and Reports
 Groundwater Management
- » Key Legislation

Groundwater Management Plans

- Developing a Groundwater
 Management Plan
- Groundwater Well Information
 » Well Completion Reports

» Well Standards

Well Inquiries

• Well Permitting Agencies

Monitoring and Data Collection » CASGEM